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THE SENTINEL.

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JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. D. JERMAIN ..... H. H. BRIGHTMAN

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 18.

To the Public.

THE SENTINEL, having double the circulation IN THE CITY, and more than treble OUT OF IT, of any other paper here, renders it far the cheapest and most desirable medium in Milwaukee for all classes of Advertisements.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN who consults his own interest, will avail himself of the columns of THE DAILY SENTINEL,—especially when he can do so at the same prices charged by other papers, and secure more than double the advantage of circulation.

This is no boast, but EVERY WORD TRUE.

☞For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page.☜

News Digest.

Another writ of attachment has been issued against the *Great Eastern*, also one against her steward.

The Douglasites of New York have decided upon a fusion with the handful of Bell-Everett men in that State. Rather a *cheap* sale, and a plump acknowledgment of their weakness.

Judge DOUGLAS has turned up in Maine, whither he has gone to visit a ninety ninth cousin.

The Light House Prospects.

In answer to the petition and resolutions presented to the Lighthouse Board at Washington, requesting immediate action in regard to the improvements of the lighthouse at this port, the following communication was received yesterday:

SIR—I have received a copy of the resolutions passed by the Chamber of Commerce of Milwaukee, under date of the 4th inst., on the subject of the Light House works at Milwaukee.

The Lighthouse Board will lose no time in commencing the work referred to in those resolutions when the authority to expend the appropriation be granted by the honorable Secretary of the Treasury.

Very respectfully,
WM. F. SMITH, Secretary.

HORATIO HILL, Esq.,
Pres't Chamber of Commerce, Milwaukee.

The above, from the Milwaukee *Wisconsin*, is explanatory of their Lighthouse appropriations. Who can throw any positive light upon ours. Are we to be cheated out of ours, while Milwaukee secures theirs? If so, how is the trick to be perpetrated?—*Racine Advocate*.

Let our brother of the *Advocate* be comforted. Milwaukee and Racine are in the same boat. Neither will get a Light-House this year. To be sure, Congress made appropriations for both; but the Secretary of the Treasury needs all the money for other uses, and will not let us have a cent for the protection of Wisconsin commerce. *Next year*, the Northwest, we trust, will stand some chance of getting justice from the Federal Government. But there is no hope of any such result, so long as the Administration remains in Democratic hands.

YOU CAN'T CATCH OLD BIRDS WITH CHAFF.—This proverb received a new illustration in the proceedings of the Democratic Congressional Convention on Thursday last All the prominent Democrats, who had been spoken of as candidates for the nomination, promptly declined the empty honor. There upon the Convention seized upon a well-known and distinguished Whig, and, sorely against his own inclinations, pressed him into Democratic service. Of course, they do not expect, or intend, to elect *him*; but hope to help the balance of the Democratic ticket, by this infusion of Whig respectability. We doubt whether they will haul any chestnuts out of the fire by the help of Mr. ARNOLD.

KENTUCKY.—The vote at the late election in Kentucky was about 40,000 less than a full vote. PETERS, the BRECKINRIDGE candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals in the Louisville District, is elected, contrary to first reports, by more than 1,000 majority.—The plurality for COOMBS, is from 20,000 to 25,000 in the whole State.

DELAWARE.—GEORGE P. FISHER, is supported for Congressman by both the Republican and the Union parties of Delaware.—He has a good prospect, and Mr. WHITLEY, the present Democratic member, has declined to be a candidate against him. Delaware will soon be a reliable Republican State.

A WISCONSIN FARM.—Some three years years ago, Senator DURKEE sold his farm (1,200 acres) in Dane county, to a Mr. DE FOREST for $25,000. The hard times came on soon after; and the bargain looked tough. But this year promises to make it all right. Mr. DE FOREST has about *one thousand acres* in grain; eight hundred to wheat, and the rest to oats, corn, &c. He has now *sixty* hands and *eight* reapers at work, cutting and securing his wheat. The yield, at a moderate estimate, will be *twenty-five thousand bushels*. Of other grain, there will be some *ten thousand bushels* more. The gross value of the products of the farm this year, will be nearly, or quite equal to the purchase money.

A RICH CITY.—New Bedford, Mass., has a greater aggregate of wealth according to the population, than any other city in the United States. In case of an equal distribution of property to every male citizen of the place, the amount would be more than $4,300 each; and if divided among all the inhabitants, every man woman and child would recieve a sum exceeding $1,000. The total valuation is $28,112,900; the number of males paying a poll tax of $1 50 each, is 5,817.

SHEEP vs. DOG.—In a recent trial in Ohio, reported in the last number of the *Wool Grower*, the owner of a sheep-killing dog was fined $140 damages. The dog was not caught in the act of stealing sheep, nor seen inside of the sheep pasture, but he was seen in the woods near by, and as the owner knew he was a night prowler, if not a sheep stealer, the jury founded their verdict on strong circumstantial evidence. The precedent is a good one, and should be followed.

JUDGE COLLAMER ON BELL.—In a recent speech, Senator COLLAMER of Vermont thus referred to the "Constitutional Union" candidate for the Presidency.

"Mr. Bell, the other slave candidate, represents nothing in particular, but anything and everything in general. He is like the Irishman who was desirous of pleading neither 'guilty' nor 'not guilty,' but wished to let the whole subject drop. Like the clerk who refused to work because his oath required him only to support the Constitution, Mr. Bell was going to do nothing but support the Constitution. He is offered as the representative of 'compromise,' which is against the spirit of the times and the emergency of the case. He is the representative of 'masterly inactivity,' when our position, domestic and foreign, requires us to be up and doing."

THE CRISIS COMING.—The *South Carolinian* contains the following "alarming" notice:

"We learn that there is to be a large political meeting at Williamston, on the 9th inst Col. Ashmore and Col. Orr will both speak, and we are informed will both urge disunion as the policy for the South, should Lincoln be elected. We believe that the public sentiment of the State is almost unanimous in support of this policy. It would no longer be safe to discuss the destinies of the South in a Union where its popular majority favors the hostile and aggressive ideas of the Republican party."

STREET RAILROADS IN PHILADELPHIA.—There are now in actual running order in Philadelphia nineteen passenger railway companies, with 395 cars, 2,744 horses, and 1,623 men employed. There are 169 7-40 miles of single track. But one company (Tenth and Eleventh) has thus far a night line in operation, but as this one has proved successful, others are considering the propriety of following the example.

The Great Douglas Fizzle at Monroe.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

MONROE, Aug. 16th, 1860.

EDITOR SENTINEL SIR:—The Democratic Mass Meeting which has been advertised by large hand-bills all over this portion of the county, came off here to-day. The meeting was composed of *eight hundred and sixty four* men women and children. About two thirds were from Illinois and Rock County—most of whom had their expenses paid. The speakers called this a vast assemblage, and undoubtedly "SIOUX" in his letter to the *News*, will call it a tremendous demonstration." GEORGE B. SMITH was the principal speaker. SMITH is a man of considerable oratorial ability, but he will do no damage to the Republican cause in Wisconsin. He cannot dissemble his convictions, that the Squatter principle is a *humbug*, and that there is no hope for the Democratic party at the coming election. No matter what he says, he manages to leave these impressions upon the minds of his hearers. Democrats as well as Republicans go away with the impression that SMITH has no confidence in the principles, or success of DOUGLAS. I believe that SMITH is naturally inclined to be an honest man, notwithstanding all that is said to the contrary, from the fact that he is so utterly incapable of dissembling his real sentiments and feelings. See how boldly "our LARRAMEE" sends out the falsehood—with what assurance he utters statements that he knows to be false. When SMITH utters a falsehood or advocates a proposition that he don't believe in, it is only with this lips; his whole countenance and his whole attitude contradicts him with much greater force. He will never change a Republican into a Democrat and I am quite confident that he don't care whether he does or not.

Among the speakers were Judge CRAWFORD, of Mineral Point, and LA DUE from Milwaukee. LA DUE evidently believes in Democracy. It is in his "soul, blood and his soul bones" He throws himself into a Democratic spout, with considerable energy, taking care, however, not to discuss any political question. He seems to be terribly concerned about the Union, and thinks he sees larger pieces of it flying high up in the air. By the time LA DUE had concluded, the meeting had pretty much adjourned to several wagons loaded with melons, which had been stationed in the rear.

The performance concluded in the evening with a torchlight procession; about seventy-five torches, borrowed from the Wide-Awake Club, made the "grand display," and at 11 o'clock all was quiet in Monroe. This meeting was not exactly a failure. If, however, Democrats had not been imported from Illinois and Rock county, there would have been no greater gathering than on any bush trading day here. The delegations from abroad made all the noise and display, and in fact made up the great mass meeting.

H.

Here it is Now---Question Settled.

The Washington *Constitution* contains the following, which is understood to finish the controversy:

A SHORT CATECHISM FOR UNLEARNED POLITICIANS.

Question: Do you believe the Constitution of the United States recognizes property in man?

Answer: I do.

Q. Do you believe that it is a crime to steal a negro, the constitutionally recognized property of your neighbor?

A. I do.

Q. Do you believe that it is a crime to harbor a negro, the constitutionally recognized property of your neighbor?

A. I do.

Q. Do you believe that it is a crime to injure and beat unmercifully a negro, the constitutionally recognized property of your neighbor?

A. I do.

Q. If by non-action or unfriendly legislation in a Territory, stealing, harboring, or maltreating a negro, the constitutionally recognized property of your neighbor, is not punishable, ought Congress to pass the necessary laws to protect such property?

A. They ought.

N. B. The answers to the questions of this catechism are such as every Constitution-loving Breckinridge and Lane Democrat would give. The Black Republican answers would be negative. The Douglas and Bell answers would be spotted. They can, however, respond for themselves, and if they are not too much alarmed at the idea of a "slave code," we should like to hear them on the catechism.

EXCITEMENT AMONG THE NEWSPAPER CARRIERS.—The villages of Mohawk and Herkimer have been the scene of intense excitment for a few days back. It was caused by nothing more nor less than a strife between two carrier-boys for the patronage of Richfield Springs This grew to such an extent that nearly every man, woman and child, was awake and discussing the merits of the case. It was finally agreed that Friday last should be the day to decide the question. The carrier who reached the Springs first *that day*, should be the regular vender of the N. Y. papers, of which a hundred or so are there read. At the appointed hour the boys were astraddle their nags at the depot, ready to snatch the papers the moment the train arrived. To make the matter more sure, they had horses stationed all along the route at distances of two or three miles apart. Their horses were the fastest the country could afford, furnished by the friends of the parties, and were held ready to change without the loss of a moment.

When the train arrived the mails were snatched and away sped the carriers, their horses straining every nerve and muscle to win the race. So great was the interest manifested in this contest, that the housetops were crowded with the populace cheering the doughty lads as they spurred over hill and dale. At last accounts they had reached the Springs in safety, making the distance, some thirteen miles, in about forty minutes. But by some mistake or misunderstanding, the matter seems yet undecided We understand that the boarders at the Springs and the citizens have made a purse of $30, which is to be presented to the successful competitor.

LATEST.—Since the above was in type, we have learned that the Mohawk carrier, McGuire, came out ten rods ahead, sold his papers for 25 cents each, and received the purse of $30 The time made was 35 minutes.—The distance is 13 1-2 miles. When it is considered that this road is nearly all up hill, it will be conceded that this is pretty good time. The boys had nine horses on the road; and one of them severely injured. The result of the race was received with great enthusiasm.—*Utica Observer.*

WOULD NOT LISTEN.—The DOUGLAS procession, Thursday night, after parading the streets for an hour, or two, returned to Market Square, where the speaking was to be done. The *Enquirer* (BRECKINRIDGE) thus relates what transpired there:

"His (Mr. Arnold's) speech was a very fair one, though eliciting but little enthusiasm from the crowd. The main portion of it was devoted, not to the Republican party or platform, nor yet to the Democracy or its platform, but to Stephen A. Douglas, Popular Sovereignty, and the Breckinridge man. Considering that the latter were rather kindly disposed towards Mr. A. ann his nomination, we failed to see its necessity or good taste.

Mr. Strong followed in his usual style of vigor and ability. The crowd, however, did not seem to appreciate the speeches, and were rather noisy. Mr. Cary undertook to follow Mr. Strong; and would have made a good speech, if he could have found the listeners; but the different clubs began to assemble for RETREAT, and nearly broke up the concern in a row before Mr. Cary took the him."

GREAT DESTRUCTION OF CATTLE BY HYDROPHOBIA.—Twenty-one cows have up to Saturday exhibited symptoms of hydrophobia in the vicinity of the Two Bridges between Little Falls and Patterson. Of these nineteen have died but the other two are not yet dead. Besides these, six cattle of Cornelius Van Ness and a strange cow feeding with them were bitten by the same dog that bit the twenty-one referred to; but Mr. Van Ness' cattle are still apparently well, but momentarily expected to exhibit symptoms of that fatal disease.—*Patterson (N. J.) Guardian.*

THE CITY.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.		
10:15 A. M.	1:15 P. M.	9:30 A. M.
3:15 P. M.	12:30 A. M.	2:00 P. M.
6:30 P. M. Mixed train to Chicago.		
LA CROSSE & MILWAUKEE.		
1:30 A. M.	9:40 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:55 P. M.	2:05 A. M.	12:30 P. M
MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.		
10:45 A. M.	11:45 A. M.	9:35 A.M.
4:00 P. M.	5:00 A. M.	2:15 P.M
11:00 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	9:05 P.M.
MILWAUKEE & HORICON.		
1:45 A. M.	9:50 A. M.	9:00 P.M
1:55 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P.M.
MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.		
4:15 P. M.	12:30 P.M	3:30 P.M.
DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.		
6:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	9 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	3 P. M.

Departure of Steamers.

FOR CHICAGO.

The steamer *Gazelle* will leave Olmsted's dock every evening (Saturdays excepted) at 7 o'clock for the above and intermediate ports.

FOR TWO RIVERS.

The steamer *Huron* leaves Olmsted's dock, every evening at 8 o'clock, for Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

FOR BUFFALO.

Screw steamers, with good accommodations, leave the different transportation docks every day, for Buffalo.

FOR OSWEGO AND ODDENSBURGH.

One of the Northern Transportation Co's screw steamers sails for the above ports every day, from the he Company's dock at the M. & Miss. R. R. depot, touching at nearly all intermediate ports.

FOR COLLINGWOOD.

The Collingwood Line of screw steamers leave semi-weekly from Dousman's dock, foot of East Water Street, connecting at Collingwood with the Northern Railway of Canada, for the East.

FOR GREEN BAY.

The screw steamer *Wabash Valley* makes weekly trips to the above port starting from Olmsted's dock

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Religious Services will be held to-morrow, as follows:

	A.M.	P.M
St. Paul's, Protestant Episcopal, Rev. Wm. B. Ashley, D. D., cor. Mason and Jefferson sts.	10½	7½
First Church of St. Paul, Rev. J. J. Richmond, cor. Jackson and Martin sts	10½	7½
St. John's, Episcopal, Rev. David Keene, 5th Ward	10½	7½
St. James Episcopal, Rev. J. F. Ingraham, Spring Street Hill	10½	7½
Free Church of St. Paul's Convent, Episcopal, corner of Jefferson and Michigan streets, Rev. Robert Paul	10½	8½
Christ's Reformed Dutch Church for Germans, corner Walnut and Fifth sts., 4th Ward, (English service P. M.)	10½	5
First Presbyterian, Rev. Rob't Corsar, cor. Milwaukee and Mason Sts	10½	7½
North Presbyterian, Rev. John M. Buchanan, corner Milwaukee and Marshall streets	10½	4
German Cong'l Second Presbyterian, Rev. John Bentley, River street, between Division and Knapp street	10½	3½
Hanover St. Congregational Church, cor. Hanover and Park sts., Fifth Ward, Rev. Fred. W. Roe	10½	7½3
Plymouth Congregational, Rev. O. H. Hellman, corner Milwaukee and Oneida sts	10½	7½
Spring Street Congregational Church, Rev. Wm. De Les Love, corner Spring and Sixth Sts	10½	7½
Welsh Congregational Church, Rev. J. Perry, corner of Jefferson and Michigan streets	10½	7½
Methodist, Spring Street, Rev. J. M. Walker	10½	7½
Summerfield M. E. Church, cor. Van Buren and Biddle sts., Rev. E. Cooke, D. D.	10½	7½
Asbury M. E. Church, Rev. A. C. Manwell	10½	7½
Fifth Street M. E. Church, (German,) between Prairie and Tamarack streets, P. Hinsperg, Pastor	10½	7½
Welsh Calvinistic Methodist Church, corner of Michigan and Van Buren streets, Rev. D. Williams, Pastor; services	11	7
First Dutch Reformed, Rev. Mr. Gaes, cor. Milwaukee and Wisconsin Streets	10½	7½
West Baptist Church, Rev. John Jackson, Sycamore, cor. Walnut and Fifth sts	10½	7½
German Baptist Church, Armenian, Rev. Edward Grimm, 4th street	10½	3
St. John's Cathedral, Catholic, Bishop Henni, near Court House	10½	3
St. Gall's, Catholic, Rev. F. X. DeDeon, 2nd street	10½	3
St. Mary's Catholic, German, Rev. H. Tappert, corner Ninth and Biddle sts	10	3
Trinity, Catholic, German, Rev. Conrad, 5 h Ward	10	3
St. Joseph Church, Catholic, Rev. J. Holzhauer, Fourth, cor. Walnut sts	10	3
Evan, Lutheran, German, Rev. A Muhlenberg, Ninth St	10½	2
Dutch Reformed Holland Church, Rev. S. Berks, between Ninth and Tenth sts	9½	2&7
Holland Presbyterian Church, Rev. Van Hevern, corner of Van Buren and Eighteenth streets, 8th Ward	9½	2
German Baptist Church, Calvinistic, Rev. Theodore Albright, pastor, cor. Chestnut and West Water streets	10½	3
Scandinavian Lutheran Church, Rev. J. Hatlestad Pastor, cor. Reed and Scott sts, 4th Ward	10	7½
Norwegian Evangelical Lutheran Church, Lapham st., between Second and Third Avenues, 5th Ward, Rev. H. L. Paiberg	10	2
Church of the Redeemer, Unitarian, Rev. A. Staples, Cass st., between Martin and Division streets	10½	7½
Trinity Church, Lutheran, (A. A.) cor. of Wells and 5th street, Rev. F. Locher, Pastor	9	2

Concert Postponed.

The Concert of Madame ANNA BISHOP, advertised to take place to-night, has been postponed until Thursday the 23d.

REPUBLICAN WIGWAM DEDICATION.—The Republicans of the Sixth, Second and Ninth Wards will inaugurate the opening of their Headquarters or Wigwam on the corner of Fifth and Galena streets, next Monday evening, by a general turnout of the Republican clubs of this city, and with speeches from eloquent orators both from abroad and at home. Particulars will be given hereafter.

By order of the Committee on Arrangements.

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN AND BARABOO VALLEY R. R.—A party of gentlemen, including several of the officers and Directors of the Company, and three or four Eastern capitalists, representing heavy interests in the road, passed over the Milwaukee, Watertown and Baraboo Valley R. R., a day, or two since, to satisfy themselves as to the condition of the road, the prospect for business, and the policy of extending it to Madison and the Wisconsin river. Our Eastern visitors, we learn, were all amazed at what they saw of the crops along the route; and fully satisfied that the road will prove a paying investment, and ought to be pushed through to our State Capital and the Wisconsin river, with as little delay as possible. We hope that the means may be found to ensure this desired consummation.

WHAT WILLIS SAYS ABOUT HIS WATCH.—In travelling with this unnatural rapidity toward sundown, I must not forget to record the difficulty I found in keeping the time of day. Between New York and St. Louis, of course, we were to gain an hour and ten minutes on the clock—a difference I should not have taken notice of; even with railroad speed, but for the ownership of the bit of infallibility in my pocket. The watch which the WALTHAM COMPANY had made for me, (and which had not varied a second from its punctuality in two months,) was to be wound up as usual—a daily lesson in the longitude, and one which was to be carefully calculated for in the departure of trains and steamboats. But it was curious how subject I found I had become to a local meridian, in this way—believing, in the stability or centrality of places according as they were more or less Waltham! I am sure I should never feel at home with such a belated sunrise as they have at St. Louis—uncomfortably dis-Waltham-ized as I found myself, all day, in mealtimes and engagements. No! let me recommend to the emigrant who wishes to feel at home in the West to avoid somehow this inflexible standard in the pocket—either wean himself from his "Waltham" before starting, or let himself run down till he gets there.—*Willis' Home Journal.*

THE CASE OF PROFESSOR DANIELS.—Professor DANIELS, who was arrested at Fond du Lac, on Thursday, charged with aiding the escape of BOOTH, waived an examination before Judge MILLER, yesterday, and gave bail, in the sum of $2,000, to appear and answer the charge, at the next term of the U. S. Court. His sureties are C. C. SHOLES and L. J. BONNELL.

MUNICIPAL COURT, AUGUST 17TH.—Margaret Scannell, vagrancy. Sentenced to 10 days imprisonment in county jail. Committed.

Margaret Keller, violating 3d section of ordinances. Discharged.

George Haywood, T. S. Hillis, Alexander McCordes, and Samuel Evans, erecting a frame building within fire limits. Plead not guilty, and case continued till the 24th inst.

BASE BALL.—Our Milwaukee Base Ball Club meet for practice this (Saturday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, on their grounds, Spring Street Hill. An omnibus will leave the corner of Main and Wisconsin streets 10 minutes before 3, for the ground. The punctual attendance of the members of the Club is particularly desired.

TRIAL OF ROBERT E. RYAN.

HIS HON JUDGE MALLORY PRESIDING.

FOURTH DAY.

Cross-examination of Mr. Page continued

Q Do you remember signing about three thousand dollars in orders to Sims without vouchers?

A I recollect that there were vouchers presented.

Q Did you afterwards cancel these warrants?

A. I did.

Q Were they signed by you erroneously.

Mr. Ryan—I submit that that is an improper question.

A. Don't understand the term "erroneously;" I intended to sign them.

Q. You say that he was entitled to them?

A. He was by the vouchers that appeared.

Q Why did you afterwards cancel them?

A. I suspected that it was not all right; in other words that it was a steal. This was after I had signed them.

Q About what time did you sign those warrants you are speaking of?

A I couldn't tell.

Q. Don't you recollect that soon after you were elected, the order book was taken down to you to sign an order, and you signed it; and also about $3,000 in orders filled up during Prentiss' administration, and that Lynch cut your name off from those orders, and told it to you?

A. I recollect of a certain class of orders being signed, and my name cut off. There was a transaction of that kind, but what orders, or why charged, I cannot tell. I think there were interest warrants issued for them.

Q. Did you not sign about $3,030 to Mr. Sims, without vouchers, previous to the time you are speaking of?

A. I am positive that I did not sign.

Q. Did you see the vouchers at the time?

A. Yes sir, I did.

Q. Were those subsequently cancelled by you—I am speaking of the first issue?

A. No sir.

Q. Were both issues for the same indebtedness?

A. Did not purport to be; after I was elected there was a class of orders signed, and my name being cut off, there was interest warrants issued instead of them, and my name being out from them, but I cannot recollect what for; if the orders were Sims orders, I did see the vouchers for them.

Q. There were two lots of orders filled up to Sims during Prentiss' administration, but were not signed, and that they were afterward signed by you after Lynch had brought the book to you?

A. It is not true; not one word of it.

Q. Did you sign by mistake some order that Prentiss had refused to sign to Sims?

A. I signed no orders without proper vouchers.

Q. That is not the question?

A. I signed some orders, to Mr. Sims, I think, that were made out before the commencement of my term, which were afterwards cancelled and other orders made out in their place.

Q. Are you sure of that?

A. Yes sir, I am.

Q Did you sign the orders that were filled up before your time and signed by you?

A. I think I did.

Q When?

A. I could not state the time.

Q. Why did you cancel those orders?

A. My impression is that he had interest warrants instead of them.

Q. Do you recollect what contract those orders were drawn for? Were they for dredging?

A. I cannot say; he had contracts for both; there was a controversy about the contract in the old Board.

Q. Well, did you sign those warrants by mistake, or did you intend to sign them?

A. I intended to sign them; I had authority to sign them.

Q. What kind of a voucher did you see at the time you signed them?

Mr. Ryan—I think the gentleman has gone as far as proper.

Mr. Carpenter—The Court should either rule this testimony out or let us go through with it. If this is improper they all are. What we claim is that Mr. Page having implicit confidence in these things signed whatever was presented to him. I ask him what kind of a voucher he had, for the purpose of refreshing his memory that he had none.

Mr. Ryan—It is a question of time; if it is proper in this case, it will be to examine all the several thousand orders and try the whole proceedings of the Common Council for a year.

Q. Did you have a resolution of the Council on the estimate of the Chief Engineer, or the bill passed and audited?

A. My impression is it was on the estimate of the Engineer the bill passed and audited.

Q. Were you in the habit of signing orders on accounts audited by Hathaway?

A. At the commencement of my term there was three or four thousand dollars of bills passed by the old Board and audited by Mr. Hathaway, Comptroller.

Q. For which you issued orders?

A. That is my recollection.

Q. How is it with the Sims order, did you see the voucher?

A. I did.

Q. Do you remember the fact of signing those orders?

A. Yes, I do.

Q Do you recollect the circumstances?

A. What circumstances?

Q. Well where was it, did not Mr. Lynch send the book?

A I recollect nothing of the kind.

Q. Can you recollect what didn't take place if you cannot recollect what did?

A. I recollect that I didn't pick your pocket.

Q. Do you swear that at the time of cancellation of those orders that other orders were issued in their place?

A. Yes.

Q. About how long after you signed them did you order them cancelled?

A. I do not recollect exactly.

Q Well, how long was it from your signing those till you saw them cancelled?

A. It might have been a month and it might have been two, I know that I required them to be cancelled.

Q. Do you think that it could have been over three months?

A. I think not?

Q. Over six months?

A. I think less than that.

Q Was it the practice, when orders were issued in that way, to mark the stub?

A. When orders were cut off from the stubs it was pretty uniformly the practice.

Q. Don't you recollect that those three or four thousand accounts that laid over, came up and passed again and were audited again by Gardiner?

A. I think not.

Q. How many orders did you issue in that old book that was being used when you came into office?

A. I cannot tell very well without the books:

Books sent for.

Q. What book is that you have?

A. Order book marked No. 3, from Jan., '59 to June, '59.

Q. Will you turn to those cancelled Sims orders? How many are they and what is the aggregate amount?

A. There are 32, amounting to about $3,000.

Q. Will you look in the stub book and see if there were any orders issued in the place of them?

Mr. Carpenter. The precise amount of those stubs are $2,998 05.

Witness. I find that from Aug. 1st, '59, to Jan. 16th.

Q. Well, answer the question. Can you find the stubs of the orders that were issued in place?

A. My recollection is this: that at the time these orders were brought to me, in August, '59, for my signature, that then I spoke to Mr. Lynch of the former issue to Mr. Simms, and he told me that the claim on which they were issue was erased in the allowance then made, and that the former ones were cancelled.

Q About what time did you sign those 32 cancelled orders?

A. I should think in May or June.

Q. Who was present when they were cancelled, but you and Lynch?

A. I could not say.

Q. Can you say when they were cancelled?

A. Not positively; my impression is that they were cancelled in my office.

Q. Look at the stubs issued to Sims in Aug. and give the sums and amounts.

A. No. 3292, $232 86; No. 3283, $1,000; No. 3284, $1,000; No. 3285, $711 84; No. 3286, $1,000; No. 3287, $1 000; No. 3288, $1,000; No. 4299, $1,000; No. 3290, $1,000; No. 3291, $1,000.

Q. What are the date of those?

A. August 1st. Now there are other issues farther over, but no aggregate of the same amount.

Q. Were not the accounts for which those orders were issued duly audited during your administration?

A. I am under the impression they were. They were on account of work audited by Mr. Gardiner. My impression is that Mr. Gardiner told me the August order embraced the amount that had been cancelled.

Q. Then of your own knowledge you don't know.

A. I did not see the work done; I don't know it of my own knowledge

Mr. Butler.—At the time you signed this order 848, you have answered that you signed a batch of orders for jurors fees; in signing that batch of orders could you have signed an order for two hundred and fifty dollars without noticing it.

Objected to.

Mr. Carpenter here argued at some length the right of the prosecution to go back and question the witness on the same ground they had already gone over, claiming that he had an equal right to cross-examine again if they did. He stated that it was in violation of the common rule of law in criminal cases.

The Court decided that any matter that had been forgotten it came within the description of the Court to rule.

Q. If you have any explanation to make in regard to the Simms matter or the vouchers you will go on and make it.

(Objected to—overruled.)

Mr. Paige.—There was several things that I should like to have explained that occurred during the examination, but they have passed my mind now.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mr. Butler—We offer order book No. 2 from June to November, 1859, and interest warrant book No —, marked from November 23, 1857, to February, 1860.

Mr. Carpenter—I suppose you will point out what particular portion of it.

Mr Butler—We offer them to show the loss of the stubs and to show the hand writing. We offer also this book of audited accounts.

Mr. Carpenter—That book we object to, as it is one of the books not authorized to be kept by law, but a mere copy book or memorandum book.

Mr. Butler—The question has already been passed upon, I believe, your Honor.

Mr. Ryan. The endorsement on order, in hand writing of Mr. McArthur, (363) is admitted to be genuine.

Here a consultation was held among the counsel while the sheriff was sent for Mr. Von Baumbach.

Mr. Butler. We offer now the indictments against defendant in this case, consisting of Nos. 9, 13, 17, 21, 23, 24, 27, and 29.

Objected to.

We offer them to show in connection with the evidence the destruction of the stubs.

Mr. Carpenter. There are the same number of indictments against Mr. Gardiner, and the only effect these indictments can have is to prejudice the jury without proving anything.

Objection sustained.

Mr. Von Baumbach sworn.

Mr. Butler. You will look at those orders and say in whose hand-writing they are (order 849 and 2071)

A I should say Mr. Lynch's.

Q. Has any city order for $2 made payable to Robt. B Lynch, been paid into the City Treasury during the last year?

(Objected to)

Mr. Carpenter—That $2 order may have been lost, or may be still in the pocket of Mr. Lynch; or may have passed to third parties, and the mere fact that it has not been paid into the Treasury proves nothing. (Objection overruled.)

A. I could not tell positively unless you gave me the numbers.

Q A $2 order, 252 or 367?

A. I have made a very accurate examination and find no such order has been returned.

The prosecution here announced that they would rest the case.

Mr. Carpenter—I move here for the discharge of the defendant, and will state the grounds of my motion, and name some authorities.

This is an indictment for forgery, the case is the alteration of an instrument, and it is necessary for them to make out the alteration of an instrument which was valid and efficacious. Referred to Bishops Criminal Law, 2d vol. on forgery, (sec. 442)

Is this then a legal instrument, which they claim has been altered?

It is a statutory instrument drawn under the provisions of the statue, and unless drawn under the provisions of the statue is void. (pp. 448)

Mr. Carpenter here read from Charter, chapter 5, to show what kind of an instrument is allicacious to draw money from the Treasurer, read from the amendment of '58.

The question that then comes up is, whether this paper is a genuine document, which could draw a dollar from the Treasury Our city offices are filled by men not capable of attending to the duties of their office; or, as a general thing, by men capable of attending to everything else; and the general practice of officers is no indication of anything having any bearing here. Every order must have a drawer, a drawee, and a payee; and all of them must appear on the face of it. The prosecution must show that the paper which they say has been altered is legal and valid. The charter says the money shall be drawn by an order. The question then is—is this an order? Mr. Carpenter read, from 28 of Vermont Reports, State against Nevens, 519, to show how closely the court held to the word order; also from 24 of English Common Law a case of King against Cullen; also 2 of East Pleas of Crown, 938.

Mr. Bishop, in the first volume of his common law, lays down this doctrine, that the paper, to be an order, so as to be regarded as such by law, must contain these requisites: it must have a drawer; it must be addressed to some person Now, I submit that this order is not addressed to any person, but is a promise that the Treasurer *will* pay to somebody, and under these distinctions is not an order, but an invalid instrument. If not an order, it can have no efficacy; it is utterly void on the face of it, if not according to statute, that it must have a drawer and must be addressed to some person. I claim that, in the light of these authorities, that paper is null and void, and without any efficacy.

It is necessary for the Council to make out here that the paper had force and vitality at the time the comptroller signed it. (488 2d of Bishop) 8th, Barber 562, cited to show defective formation fatal to the charge of forgery or the solidity of certificate. (also 9th of Carren) People against Galloway, p 540, 17 Vernon.) To make this a case of forgery they must show that the seal bore the signature of the comptroller at the time of the alleged alteration. By the provisions of the charter the money can only be drawn on the joint order of the mayor and clerk, and by the amendment of '58 it is provided that it must be countersigned by the comptroller. Now there is not a particle of testimony to show that this was signed by the comptroller previous to the alleged alteration.

Both these officers signatures were necessary to make the paper valid; up to the time it was signed by both the parties it was invalid, not worth a cent. First we say this money can only be drawn by an order; one of the requisites of an order is that it shall be addressed to somebody, and this we claim is not. We claim, then, that it was a paper in the course of construction, and according to the authorities we have had, it was not a subject of forgery. The learned gentlemen have not attempted to show that the paper was altered after it became a valid instrument.

Mr. Carpenter here alluded to the state of public feeling in regard to the defendant and drew a comparison between the calm unbiased progress of law and justice and the tendency of the public. At the conclusion of his remarks he was followed by Mr. Ryan who spoke for an hour, arguing the motion of the defense and had not finished at the time of adjournment.

Republicans Attention!

There will be a regular meeting of the Milwaukee Central Republican Club, at their headquarters, in Albany Building, on Tuesday evening next, (August 21st) at 7 1-2 o'clock P. M.

It is hoped all members of the Club and those desirous of becoming members will be present.

Business of much importance to the cause will be transacted.

WINFIELD SMITH, Pres't.
MASON G. SMITH, Sec'y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, FRIDAY, Aug. 17, 1860.—E W. DANIELS was brought into Court for examination on the charge of assisting to rescue a prisoner from the United States Marshal. Examination waived and bail off-red—C. C. SHOLES, E. B. WOLCOTT and B. W. PIRACE. The bail was fixed at $2,000, the gentlemen mentioned, being absent from the City, the case was held open until their presence could be obtained.

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LOCAL NOTICES.

Freight Notice.

OFFICE OF THE RECEIVER OF THE MILWAUKEE & HORICON R. R. Co.
Milwaukee, July 28, 1860.

Shippers of freight to Waupun, Brandon, Ripon, Berlin and other points on the line, and in the vicinity of the Milwaukee & Horicon railroad, must deliver their freight for shipment to such points, at the freight depot of the La Crosse & Milwaukee railroad, until further notice. Consignees of freight arriving from Milwaukee & Horicon railroad will receive their consignments from the same place. LYNDSEY WARD,
jy24j26dtf Receiver.

TO PASSENGERS GOING EAST.—If you are going East what you want is the shortest, most direct, and most pleasant route. These combinations are made in the Chicago, Pittsburgh & Ft. Wayne Railroad. The fare is as low as by any other route, and those who have traveled over it unite in pronouncing it the most pleasant. By this route you are saved the annoyance of looking after your baggage, as it is checked through from Milwaukee to New York Philadelphia, Boston, or anywhere else you want to go. By all means then, if you are going East take the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago. Any information relative to the route will be rendered by Mr. W. K. SCHASCK, the Agent for Wisconsin, at No. 13 Wisconsin street—United Ticket House. aug18d1t

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THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 18.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

AT LARGE:

WALTER D. McINDOE, of Marathon.
BRADFORD RIXFORD, of Winnebago.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

W. W. VAUGHAN, of Racine.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

J. ALLEN BARBER, of Grant.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

H. LINDEMAN, of Jefferson.

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT,

JOHN F. POTTER.

Republican Congressional Convention.

SECOND DISTRICT.

A Republican Convention for the Second Congressional District in the State of Wisconsin, will be holden at the city of La Crosse, on Wednesday the 22d day of August, 1860, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for member of Congress of said district, to be supported at the next general election.

Each Assembly District will be entitled to two delegates in said Convention.

The several Assembly District Committees are requested to take measures for the appointment of delegates to said Congressional Convention, from their respective districts.

DAVID ATWOOD,
CHARLES HOLT,
NORMAN EASTMAN,
J. C. CHANDLER,
District Committee.

Madison, June 22d, 1860.

Republican Congressional Convention.

THIRD DISTRICT.

A Republican Convention for the Third Congressional District in the State of Wisconsin, will be held at Ripon, on Wednesday, the 22d day of August, 1860, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Congress of said District.

Each Assembly District will be entitled to three delegates in said Convention.

L. H. CARY,
WM. KLOTZSCH,
C. E. MERRILL,
M. L. KIMBALL,
District Committee.

GREENBUSH, July 31, 1860.

Manchester Outdone.

The DOUGLAS men made a very respectable demonstration in this city, on Thursday night. We have seen many larger and more spirited gatherings, here, on both sides, but considering the dilapidated and disheartened condition of the DOUGLAS wing of the sham-Democracy, it was a quite a fair turn-out. Why, then, the *News* should undertake to throw ridicule upon the whole affair by absurd and palpable exaggerations as to the number in attendance, puzzles us; unless it be true, as has been intimated, that the *News* is, after all, decidedly shaky in its DOUGLAS faith.

The *News* talks about "15,000 people on Market Square;" "three thousand torches;" "tremendous enthusiasm," &c.,&c., and declares "that the procession occupied twenty-three minutes in passing a given point."—These are all ridiculous fabrications. At no time of the evening, were there, to exceed, three or four thousand people on the Square. In company with two friends, one a good Democrat, we timed and counted the procession, as it came silent and spiritless down Spring street. The count of torches burning and extinguished, ranged from 756 to 775. The time occupied by the procession in passing us, was just *ten* minutes. There were about seven hundred voters and two hundred boys in the ranks—all told. Such are the plain *facts*.

In 1856, both the Republicans and the Democrats had meetings and torch-light processions, which were twice or thrice as large as the DOUGLAS demonstration of Thursday. Still, if our DOUGLAS friends are satisfied with the show, we have not a word of fault to find with it. We need no better assurance than the meeting of Thursday night furnishes, that the wand of Democracy is broken in Milwaukee. Never again can the *Shams* obtain their wonted overwhelming majorities in his city. Indeed they will have their hands full, to obtain any majority at all.

The Douglas and Know-Nothing Alliance.

On the 14th of March, 1854, Mr. DOUGLAS, in the course of a speech in the U. S. Senate, thus repudiated the charge that he consorted with the Know-Nothings:

> Why was the statement of my colleague being a Democrat made, unless to convey the idea that the Illinois Democracy would *harbor and associate with* a Know-Nothing or an Abolitionist? *We are do no such things in Illinois.* There is a high wall and deep ditch between the National Democracy of that State, including the old National Whigs on the one side, and all Know-Nothings and Abolition organizations on the other. I can only say to Senators, that *Know-Nothingism and Abolitionism in Illinois, is to-day the same thing.* Every Know-Nothing Lodge there, adopted the Abolition creed, and every Abolition Society supported the Know-Nothing candidates.

Misery makes strange bed fellows. Mr. DOUGLAS, in the present reduced state of his political fortunes, is but too happy to accept assistance from the very men of whom he spoke so contemptuously in 1854. The "high wall" is broken down; the "deep ditch" filled up; and Know-Nothingism and Douglasism are joined together in a loving embrace.

Hear the *News* of yesterday, the DOUGLAS organ, on the result of the Kentucky election:

> This simply indicates, says the SENTINEL, that Bell and Everett will carry Kentucky in November. *Very well*, suppose they do; are they not sound conservative union men, who have already avowed their readiness to co-operate with the Douglas Democracy in crushing out sectionalism, both North and South? *They are our allies*, and we wish to have them carry every State that we ourselves cannot carry in November.—We are first for Douglas, and next for Bell and Everett, ("and further deponent saith not"); and they (the Bell and Everett party) reciprocate this feeling by going first for their own men, which is natural and reasonable that they should, and next for our candidates.

The Know Nothings "are our allies," says the *News*. Very true; but when before did the *News* venture to acknowledge the truth? And how must the Democratic party have dwindled in strength and declined in spirit to rely, as its only hope of success, upon Know-Nothing support!

THE COMING ELECTIONS.—State elections are yet to be held before the Presidential election in November, as follows:

In Vermont, on Tuesday, Sept. 4.
In California, on Wednesday, Sept. 5.
In Maine, on Monday, Sept. 10.
In Georgia, on Monday, Oct. 1.
In Mississippi, on Monday, Oct. 1.
In Florida, on Monday, Oct. 1.
In South Carolina, on Monday, Oct. 8.
In Pennsylvania, on Tuesday, Oct. 9.
In Ohio, on Tuesday, Oct. 9.
In Indiana, on Tuesday, Oct. 9.
In Minnesota, on Tuesday, Oct. 9.
In Iowa, on Tuesday, Oct. 9.
Presidential election in all the States, on Tuesday, Nov. 6.

A PALPABLE HIT.—The following incident, which occurred during the sitting of the DOUGLAS Democratic Convention at Syracuse, N. Y., embodies a significant hit at the "bargain and corruption" attempted by a few of the BELL and DOUGLAS leaders:

> A Bell-Everett public meeting was held to-night, which was quite numerously attended. A procession, with transparencies, banners and torches paraded the streets, ringing bells, some of which were borne on chicks, and others drawn on carts. A somewhat ludicrous incident was presented by a parcel of boys who followed the procession, ringing several small bells and shouting "auction," "auction."

The tricksters will find that the People are not to be sold.

DOUGLAS' POPULAR SOVEREIGNTY.—When a proposition was made in the Senate to allow the people of the territories of Kansas and Nebraska to elect their own officers, DOUGLAS voted against it. He insisted that the President should appoint his own creatures as Governors, Secretaries, &c., with power to veto any bill the Legislatures might pass. His "Popular Sovereignty" is a sham.

WHAT POPULAR SOVEREIGNTY HAS DONE.

Read! Read!! Read!!!

The following is an extract from Mr. DOUGLAS' last great speech in the Senate, in which he magnifies the triumphs of Popular Sovereignty for the cause of Slavery. This speech was made with a view of coaxing the Southerners into supporting him for President at the then approaching Charleston Convention. While it failed of its objects at the South, it has had the effect to open the eyes of Northern Democrats as to the real bearing of "non-intervention" in reference to slavery. This speech ought to be read by every free laborer and every citizen of the Free States:

From Douglas' Speech in the Senate, May 16, 1860.

But, we are told the necessary result of this doctrine of non-intervention, which gentlemen, by way of throwing ridicule upon, call popular sovereignty, is to deprive the South of all participation in what they call the common territories of the United States. That was ground on which the gentleman from Mississippi [Mr. Davis] predicated his opposition to the compromise measure of 1840. He regarded a refusal to repeal the Mexican law as equivalent to the Wilmot proviso; a refusal to deny to a territorial legislature the right to exclude slavery as equivalent to an exclusion. He believed at that time that this doctrine did amount to a denial of Southern rights; but they doubted it. Now, let me see how far his predictions and suppositions have been verified. I infer that he told the people so, for he makes it a charge in his bill of indictments against me, that I am hostile to Southern rights, because I gave those votes.

Now, what has been the result? My views were incorporated into the compromise measure of 1850, and his were rejected. Has all the South been excluded from all the territory acquired from Mexico? What says the bill from the House of Representatives now on your table, repealing the slave code in New Mexico established by the people themselves? It is part of the history of the country that under this doctrine of non-intervention, this doctrine that you delight to call squatter sovereignty, the people of New Mexico have INTRODUCED and PROTECTED slavery in the WHOLE OF THAT TERRITORY more than FIVE TIMES THE SIZE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK. Under this doctrine slavery has been extended from the Rio Grande to the Gulf of California, and from the line of the Republic of Mexico, not only up to 36 deg. 30 min., but up to 38 deg.—giving you a degree and a half more slave territory than you ever claimed. In 1838 and 1840 and 1850 you only asked to have the line of 36 deg. 30 min. The Nashville Convention fixed that as its ultimatum. I offered it in the Senate in August, 1858, and it was adopted here but rejected in the House of Representatives. YOU ASKED ONLY UP TO 36 DEG. 30 MIN., AND NON INTERVENTION HAS GIVEN YOU SLAVE TERRITORY TO 38 DEG., A DEGREE AND A HALF MORE THAN YOU ASKED; and yet you say that this is a sacrifice of Southern rights?

These are the fruits of THIS PRINCIPLE which the Senator from Mississippi regards as HOSTILE TO THE RIGHTS OF THE SOUTH. Where did you ever get any other fruits that were more palatable to your tastes or more refreshing to your strength? WHAT OTHER INCH OF FREE TERRITORY HAS BEEN CONVERTED INTO SLAVE TERRITORY ON THE AMERICAN CONTINENT, SINCE THE REVOLUTION, EXCEPT IN NEW MEXICO AND ARIZONA, UNDER THE PRINCIPLE OF NON-INTERVENTION affirmed at Charleston. If it be true that this principle of non-intervention has conferred upon you all that immense territory; has PROTECTED SLAVERY in that comparatively northern and cold region, where you did not expect it to go, CANNOT YOU TRUST THE SAME PRINCIPLE FURTHER SOUTH WHEN YOU COME TO ACQUIRE ADDITIONAL TERRITORY FROM MEXICO? If it is true this principle of non-intervention has given to slavery all New Mexico, which was surrounded on nearly every side by free territory, will not the same principle protect you in the Northern States of Mexico when they are acquired, since they are now surrounded by slave territory; are several hundred miles further South; have many degrees of greater heat; and have a climate and soil adapted to Southern products? ARE YOU NOT SATISFIED WITH THESE PRACTICAL RESULTS?

A Calculation of the Result.

A correspondent of the New York *World* gives in a lengthy article, his opinion of the result of the coming Presidential election as follows:

LINCOLN.

Connecticut	6	Ohio	23
Indiana	13	Pennsylvania	27
Iowa	4	Rhode Island	4
Maine	5	Vermont	5
Massachusetts	13	Wisconsin	5
Michigan	6	New York	35
Minnesota	4	Total	165
New Hampshire	5		
New Jersey	7		

BRECKINRIDGE.

Alabama	9	Mississippi	7
Arkansas	4	North Carolina	10
California	4	South Carolina	8
Delaware	3	Total	98
Florida	5		

BELL.

Kentucky	12	Virginia	15
Maryland	5		
Tennessee	12	Total	47

Doubtful.

HOUSTON OR BRECKINRIDGE.

Texas	4

BRECKINRIDGE OR BELL.

Georgia	10
Louisiana	6
Total	16

BRECKINRIDGE OR LINCOLN.

Oregon	3

LINCOLN OR DOUGLAS.

Illinois	11

PROBABLY FOR DOUGLAS.

Missouri	9

We should state that 152 votes are necessary to a choice. The same correspondent estimates the total vote at 4,500,000, of which 2,250,000 will be polled at the North, and 1,250,000 at the South. Of the Northern vote 1,670,000 will be for Lincoln, 1,100,000 for Douglas, 300,000 for Breckinridge, and 180,000 for Bell.

The Southern vote will be: Breckinridge 520,000; Bell 500,000; Douglas 180,000; Lincoln 30,000; Houston 20,000. Total—Lincoln 1,700,000; Douglas 1,250,000; Breckinridge 820,000; Bell 680,000; Houston 20,000. Houston's 20,000 may secure him electoral votes, while Douglas' large popular vote may fail to give him a single electoral one.

Mass Meeting in La Crosse.

There is to be a Republican mass meeting at La Crosse, on the 22d inst., the day upon which the Congressional Convention in the Second District is to be held. The *Republican* says:

"We have good reason to believe that the meeting will be a large one. Wisconsin being considered good for Lincoln by 20,000 majority, the majority of outside speakers are at work in other States. We are obliged to rely on home talent mainly. Of this, we have an abundance. Hon. James R. Doolittle, who made the speech at the great Springfield mass meeting, will be with us. Hon. John F. Potter, the man who always meets PRYOR engagements, will also be here. We have besides, a host of prominent men, good speakers and earnest men; such as GOV. A. W. Randall, Lt.-Gov. Noble, Hon. L. P. Harvey, Hon. S. D. Hastings, Attorney General Howe, and H. Kreissman, of Chicago, and many others, who will also be with us.

"The people of the surrounding country are all invited to hitch up their big teams, and come, one and all, to the mass meeting at La Crosse. Ample preparations are being made for the accommodation of all who may come. To our Minnesota friends, we say come. As yet, the fires have scarcely begun to burn in the Northwest. Come then and light your torches at the fire to be kindled by the eloquence of the earnest men who will speak here on the 22d day of August."

GETTING THE WORTH OF HER MONEY.—The story is told of FANNY FERN, that stopping at the office of a Philadelphia hotel to pay her bill, on the eve of her departure, she found a charge for the breaking of her toilet set. She admitted the breakage of one piece, and desired to pay for that, but for no more. The price of the whole set, however, was demanded, because the "set" was broken. The carriage was at the door; the train soon to start. There was no time for discussion, little for thought, but enough for action. Hastily paying the entire demand, and directing the carriage to wait a moment, she went directly back to her room, and, taking up the poker, unconsciously broke every remaining piece of the set.

FOURTH OF JULY IN PRUSSIA.—Governor WRIGHT, United States Minister at Berlin, gave an entertainment on the evening of the Fourth of July, to about fifty Americans, including the Hon. ROBERT C. WINTHROP, of Boston; JAMES KNOX, of Illinois, and representatives of almost every State in the Union. Several speeches were delivered, amongst which those of Mr. WINTHROP and Gov. WRIGHT himself elicited the most rapturous applause.

Douglas in his Native State.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

RANDOLPH, Vt., Aug. 14, 1860.

EDITOR SENTINEL—*Dear Sir:*—Men used to say, after looking at a great humbug, "we have seen the elephant." Anybody who has observed the Democratic party for a few years back can say the same. The head and tail of that ponderous animal so nearly resemble each other that it is hard to distinguish them. Since the separation of these two useful members of the elephantine system, they have imbibed such a holy horror of one another that they won't come near enough together to let any one see which is which. The great chieftain of one division (head or tail?) has lately been pleased to travel through New England. "There were giants in those days of which the bible spake," but in this degenerated age we can boast of but one of their tribe. *And such a one!* The giant of diminutive size, the man who thought "Vermont was a good State to be born in, if any one emigrated early," has deigned to honor his native State by his presence. He brought with him and showed forth to the benighted people, the "great principle;" said that Popular Sovereignty in the Territories was the thing we all wanted to go for, only we didn't know it.—He told the never-before-heard-of truth that a man in the Territories is as capable of self-government as in the States, and asked if we believed that a Vermonter lost quite all his natural senses on the way while emigrating West. We should have answered unhesitatingly in the negative had it not been for an example standing before us. The engine bell rang, he said he always obeyed orders "when he couldn't help it," bowed again and was off. The man over whom the new light had so suddenly shone, looked after the departing train with wondering eyes.

"And still they gazed and still the wonder grew
That *two short legs* could carry all he knew."

They thought of the words of the lamented TOM BENTON, that the Little Giant would never be President, because his coat tail was too near the ground. After DOUGLAS had finished his part of the ceremony at West Randolph, Judge THOMAS, the Democratic (DOUGLAS wing) candidate for Lieutenant Governor, gave a history of the Charleston and Baltimore Conventions, to which he was a delegate. He "could a tale unfold," of the iniquity of his dear Southern brethren, and I am sorry to say, he handled the "cold public functionary" without gloves; so much time had to be devoted to the denunciation of the seceders, that he only gave about five minutes attention to the Republicans. As showing forth the brotherly love now existing among the Democracy, his speech was instructive. His five minutes' notice of the Republicans was taken up by saying that all the qualification brought forward by LINCOLN was *rail-splitting*, and that he (THOMAS) had split as many as ever LINCOLN did. A LINCOLN man had the audacity afterwards to say that rails differed in length, some being long enough to reach to Washington, while others couldn't stretch even to Montpelier. It is two weeks since the "Great Principle" passed through this State. The Republicans are now slowly coming back to the former error of their ways. And since each wing of the "unterrified" runs a State ticket, some of the more sanguine are in hopes, considering the divided state of the enemy, that the Republican ticket may succeed in September, and that they shall be so far recovered by November as to give the State to LINCOLN by a "few." Look out for a number of extra thousands from the "star that never sets." Yours truly,

HIRAM A. HUSE.

P. S.—Farmers here are about through with haying, and some have commenced cutting grain. The grass crop is rather light, but everything else looks very well for Vermont. The weather for haying, until three or four days back, has been excellent; since then considerable rain has fallen, which has probably lodged a good deal of grain. It will take hard work to harvest it, but it is by that same work that a Vermont farmer gains a living. The fruit crop promises to be better than it has for years. The enclosed slip, out from the Bradford (Vt.) *Telegraph*, for truthfulness, reminds one strongly of a certain Milwaukee *News*. It shows with what choice bits of information Democratic papers are wont to regale their readers. H. A. H.

SOUTHERN IDEAS OF NORTHERN MOVEMENTS.—The Baltimore *Patriot*, quoting the National Union Executive Committee's Address, in which it is asserted that "the attempt on the part of the National Government, by positive law, to exclude slavery from such portions of the public domains as would become slave territory but for such exclusion, would in our opinion break up the Union," says:

"We protest against all such extreme political opinions, as utterly unjust to Col. Bell and Mr. Everett. That they hold no such opinions, we have Mr. Crittenden's authority in his late speech. But whether they do or not, no man in his right senses believes that the exclusion of slavery by Congress from the free Territories of the United States would break up the Union. It is certain it did not do so in 1820, and Mr. Botsler ought to know that the effort of the Federal Government to force slavery into Kansas did not result in disrupting the Union, nor has the establishment of the institution in New Mexico by positive law, been accompanied by any such catastrophe. It is time that this absurd plaything upon people's fears, should be arrested. We know that Col. Bell and Mr. Everett look upon it with the contempt it deserves."

SENATOR CRITTENDEN REBUKING THE DISUNIONISTS.—The following is taken from Senator CRITTENDEN's recent speech at Louisville:

"But it is said Mr. Lincoln's election will consummate a dissolution of the Union—that he will not be permitted to take his seat!—How is that? If a man is elected by a majority of the people, in a fair and legal way, though you voted against him, won't you say he is entitled to his seat? Would you not consider the power very arbitrary that would undertake to keep him out of his office? You have a right to elect him or any one else, and if a man is constitutionally elected President of the United States, shall a minority of the people start up and say, "We will make a revolution; we will, by force of arms resist it, and drive him out?" Is not that a destruction of all government? The majority must, of necessity, rule all republics, and if you do not like the law of the majority, set aside all free government, and go to some place where you will have no elections, where hereditary rulers shall take the place of your elective government. Who will say that if Mr. Lincoln or anybody else is constitutionally elected to the Chief Magistracy, he shall not take his seat? Have we come to this? If so, let us change the whole government, and let the minority rule, though even then would not the majority man object to the election of a man by the minority?

PENNSYLVANIA SURE FOR LINCOLN.—The Philadelphia *Inquirer*, independent in politics, says:

"As the case stands now, the more sagacious adherents of the Democratic party freely admit that it is but of slight practical importance to the contest in November whether their party presents a divided or united front to their adversaries. If a combination is formed that will in any contingency insure to the advantage of Breckinridge, thousands of Douglas men will stay at home on election day or else vote for Lincoln. If, on the other hand, such a compromise is effected as admits the regularity of Douglas and looks to his exclusive benefit, then thousands of the Breckinridge Democrats will sullenly refuse to vote. If a divided front is shown, of course, defeat is inevitable. Either way makes Lincoln's 'election sure' in Pennsylvania."

GRAND FLIGHT OF SHOOTING STARS.—The New Haven (Conn.) *Palladium* of Friday evening, contains the following communication:

"Observations made here last night show that the annual meteoric display of August has not failed this year. Between 10 P. M. (9th) and 3 A. M. (10th) five hundred and sixty-five different shooting stars were seen by a corps of observators stationed on the top of a high building in that city.—Most of the meteors moved in paths, which, if traced back, would intersect in the constellation Perseus. Many of them were more brilliant than stars of the first magnitude, and left sparkling trains. After 11 o'clock, the light of the moon interfered with the observations, and doubtless rendered invisible many of the smaller meteors."

How Indiana is Going.

At the opening of the present campaign, we regarded Indiana as a somewhat doubtful State, though we had strong hopes of a Republican triumph. With the progress of the canvass, however, it has become more and more evident that a general political revolution is going on there. All the external signs have indicated that the Republicans would elect their State ticket in November. This result is now as certain as any political calculation can be. In Southern Indiana a remarkable change has been going on, and the vote there will astonish those people who look for any indication of its character to the returns of two and four years ago. We could name one of the "Pocket" counties, in particular, in which, according to reliable information, the vote will be almost *one-sided* for Lincoln, as it was four years ago for Buchanan.

To show something of the state of affairs in Northern Indiana, we will give the aggregate result of a *careful canvass* of eight counties in that section, as compared with the Presidential vote four years ago. We have the details before us, giving in these counties a total majority for LINCOLN of 8,500. In the same counties four years ago, FREMONT's majority was only 5,385. Republican gain, 3,115. These are facts and not conjectures. It is believed that every county north of the National Road will give a majority for LINCOLN. Should the balance of the State give the same relative gains as the counties to which we refer, the Republican majority in Indiana will exceed 30,000. Half that will answer every practical purpose.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

HORRIBLE MURDER.—A SON AND SISTER KILLED.—George Aldrich, a convict, who had just served out a term of five years in the Virginia penitentiary, for killing a man in Logan, left Richmond a few days since, and on arriving at Logan county, found that his family had moved across the river to Warfield Lawrence county, Va. The Kanawha *Republican* says:

"He followed them. He murdered his sister in the most shocking manner, literally cutting her to pieces, taking out her heart and hacking it to pieces, and then throwing the body into Sandy river. The body of his son, a lad of about thirteen years old, was found in a by-place, nearly eaten up by the hogs—but was readily identified by a remarkable scar, on one foot, which had been preserved by the shoe and stocking. The son was by a wife who had obtained a divorce. After the perpetration of these horrid deeds, the fiend, with his gun in hand, fled to the woods, saying that he intended to kill his father and mother and two other persons—and then the people might take him, burn him at the stake, or do what they pleased with him. The excited people are after him."

WEATHER PREDICTIONS FOR SEPTEMBER.—During the early part of the month we may expect fickle, unsettled weather, with showers of rain at intervals, followed about the 7th by a cooler atmosphere, after which the weather becomes more settled. Fair and clear near the 18th, which continues with but little interruption for the remainder of the month.

Storms, in various places, may be expected on or about the 2d, 6th, 15th and 21st.

In a recent communication to the *Leader*, I took the liberty of referring to a prophecy of mine, made about three years ago, that the present summer would be attended with great storms, at the same time I likewise stated that they would have an unfavorable summer in Europe: in fact, I gave the people of England notice of it through the public press of that country; the whole has been remarkably fulfilled in both instances.

THO. S. SHAW.

Eastman, Aug. 10, 1860.
—*Prairie du Chien Leader.*

Groceries and Provisions.

H. W. GEORGE,

FAMILY GROCER,

No. 31 Wisconsin St.,

YOUNG'S BLOCK,

IS NOW SUPPLIED FROM THE EAST, direct, and keeps constantly on hand everything belonging to a

First - Class Family Grocery!

Also, a stock of

WOOD & WILLOW WARE

CHILDRENS' CABS,

VELICOPEDES,

HOBBIES, &C.,

And the perfected arrangements at Cincinnati and Southern Michigan, which will enable him to supply his customers with

Strawberries,
Green Peas,
Green Beans,
Green Corn,
New Potatoes,

&c., as early as they appear in these markets.

mar21 1860dly

1860. Spring and Summer. 1860.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

HUNN & CROSBY,

No. 184 East Water St., Milwaukee,

Two doors north of Uncle Ben's Hat Store.

TAKE THIS OCCASION TO ANNOUNCE to their friends, and the public at large, that they have removed from their old quarters to their present location, for the purpose of obtaining more ample accommodation for their business, and to keep pace with the requirements of their trade. We have just made heavy additions to our stock, which makes ours the best assorted Fancy Grocery in town, and we intend to be in future, as we always have been in the past, the first in the market with every novelty of the season. We are receiving goods every week from the East, therefore always keeping our stock fresh and full. Everything pertaining to a first class Grocery will be found on our shelves, and we are prepared to sell at Wholesale as well as Retail, on as favorable terms as any one in the trade. Pickles, Sauces, Spices, Fruits, Hermetically Sealed Fruits, and every other article usually found in first-class family groceries, are sold by us, and are warranted as represented. We will sell you a better Tea for fifty cents, than you can buy anywhere else in town for seventy five, and a good Java Coffee, as nice usually obtained, for fifty. We make such a blow on TEAS, *call or send for fifty.* We mean what we say, and stand ready to verify it. Give us a trial, and we will do it this week. We make it a point never to be undersold, and want it distinctly understood that we do our business on that principle.

Country merchants can always get up their stock with us, to a good assortment. We will sell you goods by the package as low as any of the wholesale dealers down town.

Butter and Eggs are received by us daily, from our agents in the country.

☞ TERMS CASH.

We solicit the favor of our friends and customers, and the public generally, to call and see us in our new institution, and make an examination of our goods and prices. Particular attention paid to orders, which will be promptly filled.

feb18'60d1w&wkly HUNN & CROSBY

161 East Water Street.

CLARET.—50 CASES VERY CHOICE Table Claret, selling at $3,50 per case. AT LEDYARD'S.

RASPBERRY JAM.

50 JARS RASPBERRY JAM FROM Sugar Island, Lake Superior, just received and for sale by JNO. W. LEDYARD. Grocer and Wine Dealers, 161 East Water st.

CHAMPAGNES.—100 CASES CHOICEST brands, for sale low, AT LEDYARD'S.

BRANDIES.—JAMES HENNESSY'S, Hines' Otard Dupuy & Co.'s, Arbanne Mauri: Theo. Hine & Co.—all choice vintages: for sale quite cheap to sell. AT LEDYARD'S.

SHERRY, PORT & MADEIRA WINES. Old Jamaica Rum, St. Croix Rum, Bourbon and Rye Whiskey, &c., in quantities to suit. AT LEDYARD'S.

'NEW PINE APPLE CHEESE,' VERY choice. AT LEDYARD'S.

RAISINS IN LAYERS, HALVES AND Quarter boxes, a choice lot just received AT LEDYARD'S.

HOLMAN'S PREMIUM SAMP AND Hominy, and Robinson's Pure Pearled Oat Meal, in round packages, for Porridge and Oat Cake, nutritious, strengthening and substantial, foods for sale AT LEDYARD'S.

CANTON GINGER, AND CANTON "Chow-Chow" Preserves, just received and for sale cheap AT LEDYARD'S.

BRUSHES.—WHITE WASH, SHOE, Scrub, Window, Hearth and Dust Brushes, of a very superior quality. Day & Martin's, and Mason's Patent Blacking, AT LEDYARDS'.

Furniture and Upholstery.

August Flertzheim & Co.,

CABINET MAKER,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

FINE & COMMON FURNITURE.

UPHOLSTERY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

Oneida Street, North Side,

TWO DOORS EAST OF THE BRIDGE. apr14d&w

FURNITURE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED the entire interest of August Flertzheim and Geo. Geo. Dietz, in said Firm, the Firm is now

NOYES, FLERTZHEIM & CO.

Will continue the

Furniture and Upholstery

Business in all its branches at the

OLD STAND,

And he hopes, by constant attention to business to merit what has been so liberally bestowed on the old Firm, the patronage of his friends and the public generally. WM A. NOYES.

oct14 1859dly

WIDE AWAKE CLUBS

UNCLE BEN FURNISHES THE WIDE AWAKE outfit for Clubs, on short notice. Clubs forming throughout the State will do well to call on him before contracting.

The uniforms made by me are in conformity with the original Club of Hartford. No wax in sending out of your own State when you can buy ches er here. We also furnish copies of the Wide-Awake Drill.

Lincoln and Hamlin and Bell and Everett Medals, —I am the Agent of the Manufacturer for this State.

B. THROOP.

17 2d2mo 150 East Water Street, Milwaukee

Hats, Caps and Furs.

SOMETHING NEW!

READ IT!!

ONE PRICE AND NO ABATEMENT. I will hereafter offer my entire Stock of

HATS, CAPS,

—AND—

STRAW GOODS,

—OF THE—

Latest Styles

AND BEST QUALITIES,

—AT—

UNPRECEDENTLY LOW PRICES

I will do a one price business or none at all. It is not right that those who will not barter for Goods should pay more than those who do. A GENTLEMAN should not pay more for goods than any one else.

I have marked my Goods to

Sell from 20 to 33 per cent Less

THAN USUAL RETAIL PRICES,

And will sell to all alike.

The best fashionable

SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS,

—ALSO—

EVERY STYLE OF CAP MADE TO ORDER

And Warranted to Suit or no Sale.

J. A. BENEDICT & CO.

☞ Remember the Place: 182 East Water street, Sign of the White Bear. sept14'60d1l

LOOK AT THIS!

UNCLE BEN

HAS JUST THE NICEST STOCK OF the season of French Pearl Chenangers, and Straw Hats in the County. HOT WEATHER. Call early and make your selection before the assortment is broken. Also, a full assortment of Fur and Wool Hats for country trade. &c.

180 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

S THROOP.

P. S.—The Union is safe. A large Stock of Union and Other Caps and Hats on hand. jel4'60d1m

Fuel, Lumber, &c.

TIMBER!

ALL SIZES

AT

CHIVAS & CO.'S

CHEAP LUMBER YARD,

aug9'60d1mo Walker's Point.

LUMBER.

THOSE WHO INTEND BUYING LUMBER ought to call upon us before purchasing elsewhere, for we are determined to sell our Lumber this season at the very lowest prices for cash. Lumber delivered on board the cars or to any part of the city free of expense. A discount allowed on Lumber by the car load.

CHIVAS & CO., at the Cheap Lumber Yard, corner of Lake and Hanover sts., Walker's Point. aug8

CASH COAL YARD!

C. DUDLEY, AGENT,

IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL KEEP constantly on hand for sale by the TON OR BARGO, the following kinds of Coal, of the very best quality and

LOW PRICES!

Delivered in any part of the city on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold at this Yard warranted full weight and best quality.

LEHIGH PREPARED COAL,
LEHIGH LUMP COAL,
SCRANTON PREPARED COAL,
SCRANTON LUMP COAL,
LACKAWANA PREPARED COAL,
LACKAWANA LUMP COAL,
PITTSTON PREPARED COAL,
PITTSTON LUMP COAL,
BLOSSBURGH COAL,
PITTSBURGH COAL,
ERIE AND CLEVELAND COAL.

Will deliver to dealers and large consumers, at any point on the lake or in the country, at eastern prices, without freight.

☞ All orders addressed to C. DUDLEY, Agent, Milwaukee, will receive prompt attention.

☞ Office and Yard: corner of West Water and Clybourn streets, near Huron Street Bridge, Milwaukee. 25'60dly

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

JONES & POPE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in the various kinds of very best Coal, for Steam, Blacksmith, and Family purposes. Also,

Wood, Baled Hay and Water Lime,

Constantly on hand. Wood sawed or unsawn, to suit customers,

AT LOW PRICES,

Delivered to any part of the city, or on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold here warranted good weight, and of the best quality.

All those wanting Coal, and Coal Oilers wishing to buy Bituminous Coal by the cargo, for steam and blacksmith purposes, please give us a call. We will sell at the lowest rates. Orders left at Geo. Paddock's vessel, the best and cheapest Steam and Blacksmith Coal now in the market, being proprietors of an extensive Coal mine in Illinois, which we can furnish Coals daily at Chicago prices, and are prepared to sell as low as anybody.

☞ Office of Empire Wood and Coal Yard, corner of Danforth and Riverstreet, Milwaukee, Wis.

aug22'60d1m

Boots and Shoes.

Dealers in Boots and Shoes,

THE CELEBRATED COPPER TOE!

WADSWORTH & WELLS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes,

60 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO 60.

WE OWN THE EXCLUSIVE RIGHT for the sale of *MITCHELL'S PATENT METALLIC TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES*, for and within the States of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota, and have warranted all the boots and shoes dealing in these goods within the above States, without having first arranged with us and by our consent, and we will be fully prepared to protect our EXCLUSIVE rights, and that as soon as we are advised of any infringement, shall demand proper and immediate redress.

We have made extensive arrangements with the most celebrated manufacturers, whereby we can fully supply the trade with the best quality of the best styles of these Tipped Boots and Shoes from our store in Chicago, each pair of which will be stamped and labeled with our name.

We shall recognize no Tipped goods within either the above States, but such are thus stamped and labelled by us.

We will warrant in all instances one pair of child's copper-tipped shoes for our customers two and three times over the wear of equal quality without tips, as can be shown by very many testimonials, while the expense is but trifling, making an actual average saving to the consumer of near two hundred per cent.

Merchants and dealers in Boots and Shoes within the above States, can now find these Metallic Tipped Boots and Shoes supplied and properly stamped by WADSWORTH & WELLS, Agents for said Metallic & Mitchell's Metallic Manufacture.

sept23'57 26dwly WADSWORTH & WELLS.

CAMPBELL & SONS,

BOOT MAKERS,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the Gentlemen of this City that they have (since the Fire) located at

No. 282 Main Street,

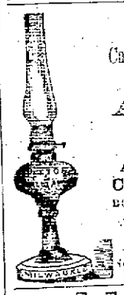
First door north of Young's Block, where, the business of manufacturing Gentlemen's Fine Boots and Shoes will be continued by them, it being their intention to combine their long experience with the same fair principles as they have done for the past thirteen years.

Nothing but a first class article will be made, or sold at this establishment.

From the extensive patronage conferred, they are satisfied that to the only true way of doing business, and is the surest and safest for the consumer.

jel1 CAMPBELL & SONS.

Alcohol, Oils, &c.



OILS!!

Camphene, Camphene!!

BURNING FLUID,

ALCOHOL

VARNISHES!

At Wholesale.

Also, a complete assortment of

COAL OIL LAMPS,

BOTH ROUND AND FLAT WICK.

At as Low prices as can be obtained in Eastern markets.

Patton & Williams,
Cor. of Cedar & Menomonee,
(o.1 Rees' Block, West Water st.
mar8 1860dly

B. F. COMSTOCK,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lard Oil and Stearine Candles,

388 THIRD STREET.

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

apr18 1860dly

Co-Partnership Notices.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING THIS day formed a co-partnership under the name, firm and style of ALLEN & BROTHER, will continue the Clothing and Manufacturing business in all its branches, at the old stand of C. and J. Adler, No. 102 East Water street, where they will be happy to wait on their friends and customers. Mr. Solomon Adler having just returned from New York with a large and splendid assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., and everything appertaining to the business, &c., and purchased them for CASH, at Auction sales for cash, we are enabled to sell them much lower than other Western Houses can afford. Milwaukee, July 14th, 1860. SOLOMON ADLER. DAVID ADLER. jy14 1860dlw

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF TIBBITS, Scarrweather & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

GEO. M. TIBBITS.
G. E. SCARRWEATHER.
JOHN PITT.

The Transportation and Commission business will be continued by the undersigned, under the firm name of Tibbits & Scarrweather. All claims of the late firm will be settled by

GEO. M. TIBBITS.
G. M. STARRWEATHER.

Milwaukee, Aug. 4th, 1860. aug18'60dlw

Dry Goods.

THE

**CL

Special Notices.

Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.

What a horrible thing, is it not—
That worms should in children be rioting!
Can nobody tell mothers what
Is the best way these vermin of quieting?
Yes; hear the glad tidings of truth.
BRYAN'S VERMIFUGE, tasteless as water,
Destroys these constituents of youth,
And harms not the child by this slaughter.

Put up in bottles. Price 25 dimes. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and by druggists. jy18dlm

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skilful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice. ja15d419dw&twly

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Pectoral Syrup

AMERICA IS FILLED WITH THE fame of this great physician and physiologist, and in his Pectoral Syrup we have the grandest result of his skill and research. No human being need perish of consumption, or any disease of the organs of respiration, who seeks relief in time from this all-powerful pulmonic.

Price $1. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. jy19d1m

THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.

NO MORE SHALL THE POOR SUFFERERS in our country languish, their constitutions racked and torn by strong and dangerous mineral medicines; they will come to the fountain of health, found in simple herbs and roots from nature's storehouse. THE MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS, of hitherto mountain plants composed, will reach and stop their distress, and cause the blood, renewed and cleansed, to carry through the body the elements of health; building up the broken constitution and carrying life and health, where but for them would have been the wreck of hope—the feeble mean of suffering, at last ended by the cold hand of death. Be no let prejudice overcome your better reason; do not look upon these Pills as only like others; do not let your deep interest, after trying everything else, prevent you from trying them. The blood must be pure, and then sickness is impossible.—What a great and yet simple truth is this! it appeals to the common sense of all! It is the great key-stone of the healing art. JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS will purify and cleanse it as sure as the sun will rise to-morrow.

Judson's Mountain Herb Pills are sold by all medicine dealers.

aug18y611dowowlm

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Moffat's Life Pills!

AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

Free from all Mineral Poisons!!

IN CASES OF SCROFULA, ULCERS, Scurvy, or Eruptions of the Skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing, in a few days, every vestige of these loathsome diseases by their purifying effects on the blood, Stinging Fevers, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Piles, and in short, most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved. Prepared by

WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,
oct18l862dawlyr New York.

Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture

PERFORMS IN EVERY INSTANCE, what was promised when it was introduced. It cures, with the same uniform certainty that morning dispels night, all the varieties of a severe cold or a harrassing cough, and immediately relieves influenza, hoarseness, and tickling of the palate or throat.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists jy19d1m

Paper Hangings, &c.

WALL PAPER!

FAXON & VAUX,
YOUNG'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
WALL PAPER
Of every quality and price.
PAPER SHADES, GREEN PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, HOLLAND'S CURTAIN FIXTURES, &c.
Window Shades of Every Description
Made to Order on short notice.
N. FAXON. (jy25l509dly) E. VAUX.

COLLINGBOURNE'S
WALL PAPERS.
WINDOW SHADES & FIXTURES
Brushes, and Artist's Colors,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS
AND
PAPER HANGERS,
167 MAIN STREET - - - - - - MILWAUKEE

J. J. McGRATH & CO.,

HAVE OPENED
AT THE OLD STAND,
21 WISCONSIN STREET,
— ONE OF —
The Largest & Best Selected Stock
— OF —
Paper Hangings & Window Shades
EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET,
Which they are
Selling at 40 per cent. Less
Than other House in this City.
Please Call and Examine the Goods.
may18l363dly

Lake Steamers, &c.

CHANGE OF TIME.
For Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc & Two Rivers.

THE STMR. CLEVELAND, Capt HENRY FISH, will leave my Dock for above ports, every evening, Sundays excepted, at 5 o'clock. R. OLMSTED,
ap24l307dtf Agent.

For Green Bay and Intermediate Ports

THE SPLENDID PROPELLER Wabash Valley, Captain DOUGLASS, will leave every trip for above ports, leaving my Dock every Wednesday evening, at 6 o'clock. R. OLMSTED, Agent.
my19l363dtf

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14, 1860
THE STEAMER GAZELLE,
CAPT. T. G. BUTLIN,
Will run, the coming season, between Milwaukee & Chicago, leaving Milwaukee every evening, (Saturdays excepted), at 7 o'clock; leave Chicago every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 9 o'clock.
☞ Fare, including State Rooms, $3.
☞ Freights taken at the lowest rates.
my15l363dtf R. OLMSTED, Agent.

Banking and Exchange.

ARMSTRONG, SPINK & CO.
BANKERS,
CORNER OF HURON AND EAST WATER STREETS, buy and sell Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Bank Bills and Coin. Collections. Are prepared to draw direct on England, Ireland Scotland, Wales, and the principal cities on the Continent of Europe.
Milwaukee, Nov. 10th, 1859. nov12dly1875

FRICK, FARMER & CO.
BANKERS & DEALERS IN
Bank Notes, Specie & Exchange,
NO. 15 NEWHALL HOUSE, MIL.
COLLECTIONS MADE AND REMITTED promptly at current rates of exchange.
REFER TO
Continental Bank, N. Y.; Dr. Cummings, President Girard Bank, Philadelphia; Merchants Savings, Loan & Trust Co., Chicago; S. Ludington, Treasurer, St. Louis; Exchange Bank, Wisconsin, Milwaukee. mar24d63dly

A. P. LOCKERBY'S
GENERAL LAND AGENCY,
AND ABSTRACT OFFICE,
WAUSAU, WISCONSIN.
FOR MAKING COLLECTIONS, EXAMINATION of Titles, Payment of Taxes, and the transaction of all Real Estate business in Northern and Central Wisconsin.
REFERENCES.
Lawrance & Hobart, Wausau, Wis.; Strickland & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Hon. A. G. Ellis, Stevens Point, Wis.; Hon. Vanslyke, Madison, Wis.; C. H. Taylor, St. Louis, Mo.; W. C. Bryant & Co., N. Y. City; L. W. Kochenbeck, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.
☞ Office corner Jackson and Fourth sts.
feb8l258dtf&tu A. P. LOCKERBY, Notary Public.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
ALL WHO HAVE ANY GOODS OR Furniture to sell at auction, or private sale, remember that I am on hand to attend to it, and will do my best. CALEB WALL,
jy27 City Auctioneer.

THE SENTINEL.

Terms of the Sentinel.
CASH, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum			$7.00
do	do	do six months	4.00
do	do	do three months	2.00
do	do	do per week	15
Papers to the Trade, per hundred			2.00
TRI-WEEKLY, per annum			4.00
do	six months		2.00
do	three months		1.00
WEEKLY, per annum			1.50
do	six months		1.00
do	three months		50

CLUB RATES FOR THE WEEKLY.

To clubs of four (to one address) per annum			5.00
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[From the London "Once a Week."]

WITCHES AND WITCHCRAFT.

I had been three weeks in the cottage, when Jane walked into my room.

"Please, sir, there's a boy outside want's to see you."

"See me?" I asked, surprised.

"Yes, sir; I think they want a doctor sir; mother told me you was one."

I hurried out, and found a boy standing at the door.

"What's your name?"

"Phil Wish, yer honor."

"What do you want?"

"Please, sir, Ellen's tuk worse, and her mother don't think how she'll live much longer, she's quite scrammed sir."

I wondered who "Ellen" was, and what "scrammed" meant, but contented myself with signing to him to lead the way. We walked on in the bright early morning everything looking fair and beautiful. Phil whistled a tune which was quite unknown to me, and I walked along, idly thinking and occasionally plucking an ear of corn, and putting it to my mouth. The grass beneath our feet rustled softly as we trod, and the air was laden with perfume of wild flowers and and the sweet songs of birds. The busy whir of a threshing-machine mingled with the notes from time to time, and then a distant shout from the already wearied reapers brought to my mind the days of childhood, when, a "boy among boys," I chased the butterflies in the fields, when my pretty sister (what a strange old creature she was now) gleaned for the children of the poor. We at last came to the brow of a hill, and looking down into the valley, bathed in brightest sunlight, I saw a few white cottages dotted here and there. Phil informed me that "Ellen lived in one of these," pointing out the identic one with his finger.

"What's the matter with Ellen?" I asked.

"Dunno, sir," in a tone which if it failed to imply he didn't care, at least proved he was not disposed to be communicative. I wondered what the mystery could be, but thinking whatever it was it would be solved, walked on in silence. We at last arrived at a cottage, very low, literally covered with honey-suckle. A bird in a wicker cage hung outside the door. Possessed with a contrary demon to mine, it sang loud and incessantly, its little mouth opened like a yawning sepulchre, feathers ruffled, and body positively distorted with its unearthly efforts. Hearing footsteps, the old woman appeared and beckoned me inside. I entered, stooping low as I did so, a small room, a very small room, but everything scrupulously neat and clean. A little girl, apparently about three years old, was seated on the floor telling her doll, in an under tone, not to make any noise because her mother was ill." A workingman's hat and coat hung in one corner with a cheap photograph of their owner, (I don't know why I felt certain it was his) suspended over them—The shutters of the latticed windows were half closed, producing a quite subdued light. I walked towards the bed and softly drew the curtain. The small face, half hidden in the pillow, seemed very young and girlish, the eyes closed, the breath short and hurried. The bird was literally shrieking—I signed to the woman, and she covered the cage. All was quiet. I lifted the pale hand from the coverlid and felt for the pulse—gone.

"How long has she been so?"

"Since daylight, sir."

"Ah! she can't last long."

The professional phrase escaped involuntarily. I started as I uttered it, and dropped the hand; the movement roused her. The heavy eyelids unclosed; I drew back.

"Is Jane here, mother?"

"No, darling."

"Ah! I forgot."

A moment's pause. Then, in a quick, hurried manner, as if the thought were first impressed upon her mind—

"Mother, am I dying?"

A sob was the only answer. Another pause longer than the first; then the arm was placed under the pillow for a moment, and drawn forth again

"Give this to Jack, when you see him."

She tried to move her hand along the bed, and pass its hidden contents to the woman weeping by her side; but ere she could do so, the will that directed it grew weaker still and left it idle where it lay. I unclosed the almost rigid fingers, and gave to the woman the objects they had clasped—a wedding ring, and a lock of fair hair tied with blue ribbon.

"Ellen! Ellen! would you like to see your child?"

"Not now! Poor Jack! How dark it is, mother!"

I knew by that that it was very near; but the woman in her ignorance walked across the room, and opened both the shutters and the window. The bold, staring sunlight came rushing, streaming in.

A deadly change came over the the countenance. "I'm here, Ellen. Child—darling, speak!"

Another pause, very, very long, never to be broken by the form lying before us, pale and still. A distant shout of harvest home came strangely on the solemn silence. Ah! truly harvest home! Another drooping soul for the universal harvest! Another wearied heart for the world's great reaper—Death! I turned hurriedly away. The child had fallen asleep with the doll by her side, still murmuring in her dreams that "they must keep quiet"—a little rosy face. I reclosed the window shutters, thinking of the light she had found—the great eternal light that will one day dawn on all—covered the pale, dead face, and left the woman weeping and in prayer.

CHAPTER II.

It was no small satisfaction, at the prospect of having my curiosity gratified, that I set off the next morning for the old woman's cottage. She was standing at the door, evidently expecting me.

"O, sir, is it you? do walk in!"

I entered, glancing as I did so at the bed where the dead girl was still lying. The woman saw the look and began weeping bitterly.

"O, sir, my poor child!"

I spoke soothingly and calmly.

"O, sir, it's not only losing her! it's not only losing her! it's the way—the way!"

"The way?" I said inquiringly.

"Yes, sir; but to be sure you don't know. She was bewitched, sir."

"Bewitched!" I exclaimed.

"Yes, sir, this long time. She's been ailing since last year, and it's been the death of her at last."

Seeing my continued look of surprise, she "went on," as she expressed it, "to tell me all about it," still holding, as she did so, the dead girl's hand in her's. The story, as nearly as I remember, ran as follows:

"You see, sir, Ellen was my only child, and a good one she was. Many's the time I've told my old man she'd live to be a comfort to me; and so she truly did; nursing me and taking care of me, when he died, for many a long day." (Here she fondled the dead hand closer still.) "Well, you see, sir, she was still quite a child, when a young chap came to work at the Squire's, where Ellen took the milk every morning. It wasn't long after he came that I thought I saw a change in her; she wasn't so light-hearted like, as if she had some secret. So one morning, when she comes in from the Squire's with the old look on her face, I turned short at her and says, "What's the matter, Ellen?"

She reddened, but answered boldly—for she was always as open as the day—

"Why, mother, I think Jack's very fond of me."

"Fond of you?" says I; "and pray who's Jack?"

"Him that works up at the Squire's; but you'll soon see him, mother; he's coming up to-night."

"And sure enough he came. He was a handsome spoken young fellow enough. He told me he wanted Ellen, and would take great care of her. He seemed so honest and bright-looking, and Ellen so fond of him, that somehow I couldn't say 'No,' and the end of it was they went to church, and the parson himself told me he had never seen such a pretty couple. They were just like two doves; he had plenty of work up at the Squire's—you see he was a bricklayer, sir, and the Squire was having his place done up—and Ellen she took in needle work, and came over every day to help me. They used to live there, sir." She pointed to a little cottage close by, now wearing a dreary, deserted look. "They lived here nigh upon two years, sir, till long after the baby was born. Well, sir, my Ellen—was a bit spirited when anything crossed her; and one morning Jack and her had a quarrel—the first they'd ever had—it was about her cousin Tom, poor fellow, who'd been her sweet-heart before she was married—and Jack went to work without bidding her good bye. She was mighty vexed at this, and when I went over I found her crying. I thought Jack was wrong, and was just telling her so, when I heard a knock at the door, which was open, and there was the witch looking."

[TO BE CONCLUDED.]

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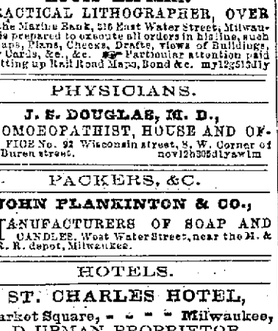

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MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 18, 1860.

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

N. Y. Douglas State Convention.

SYRACUSE, Aug. 17—3 P. M.

The Douglas State Convention assembled again yesterday morning, after adjourning from time to time to allow the committee on electoral ticket time to complete their labors, finally selected a full ticket, which is satisfactory to the committee of the Bell & Everett party, who have been present during the entire session, watching for a representation of the ticket that would bring it to the support of the Americans of the State. One-third of the electors are members of the American organization. The electors at large are Reuben H. Walworth, of Saratoga, and Heman J. Redfield, of Genesee.

The resolutions endorse the non-intervention doctrine of Douglas and the Front Street Theatre Baltimore Platform, deprecate as dissirous the election of Abraham Lincoln, deplore the mal-administration of Buchanan, and urge its restoration by the sworn enemies of corruption, the democracy.

The resolutions are generally of a local character.

Bell and Everett Convention.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Aug. 17—3 P. M.

The Bell and Everett State Convention met yesterday and nominated their full electoral ticket, candidates for Attorney General and Members of Board of Public Works.—No nomination was made for Supreme Judge. No resolutions were adopted condemning the conduct of the Ohio Republicans in their effort to nullify the laws through the agency of the Supreme Court that their repudiation of Judge Swan for sustaining the fugitive slave law, and their re-nomination of Judge Brinkerhoff, merits the rebuke of law-abiding people, and that every conservative Union man should come to the defeat of Judge Brinkerhoff.

Speeches were made by Col. Van Trump, Hon. L. D. Campbell, Gen. Leslie Coombs, and others.

New York Matters.

NEW YORK, Aug 17—9 P. M.

Last evening, Jemmy Massey, a noted English pugilist, hurt himself badly in the groin, while trying to escape from an officer who had him under arrest.

Counterfeit fives on the Lime Rock Bank of Providence, are in circulation here.

The Syrian Relief Committee has appointed William A. Booth President, and authorized him to send remittances to the sufferers as soon as the contributions reach five hundred dollars.

Two additional attachments, one against the Great Eastern, and the other against her steward, were served.

The Prince of Wales.

QUEBEC, August 16

The propeller Adriadne and the Flying Fish, accompanied by the Queen Victoria, having on board the Governor General, arrived this morning. At noon the Prince embarked in the Queen Victoria for Hokah Bay. He spends to day at St. Marguerite, where some tents have been erected for him, and returns in the evening to the Hero.

Virginia Breckinridge Convention.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Aug. 17—3 P. M.

A despatch to the *Herald* says nothing of importance was done yesterday in the Breckinridge Convention. A resolution was passed appointing a committee to communicate with the Stanton Convention, on the subject of a compromise, and to propose terms for such Compromise.

Breckinridge Convention.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, Aug. 16,—3 P. M.

The Breckinridge and Lane State Convention met in this city yesterday and nominated a full electoral ticket. Resolutions endorsing the Breckinridge Democratic platform were adopted. There were about fifteen delegates present.

Fraudulent Drafts.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17—3 P. M.

Drafts purporting to be made by Rice, Willard & Co., of St. Louis, on houses in this city, have been passed in St. Paul. They are pronounced frauds. The parties on whom they were drawn, know nothing of any such firm.

Convicts Escaped.

JEFFERSON CITY, Aug. 17—3 P. M.

While the convicts were at work on the capitol grounds yesterday, three of their number concealed themselves, or quietly and unobservedly escaped. We do not know as any have been retaken.

LATEST NEWS

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

Virginia Politics.

RICHMOND, Aug. 17—9 P. M.

A telegram to the Whig says that when the message from Charlottesville was received at Staunton for a Committee of Conference, a feeling prevailed that the Breckinridge men should come to them if they wished to settle differences. A despatch to the Courier says that such a proposition will never be entertained by the Breckinridge men.

STAUNTON, Va., Aug. 17—9 P M.

The Convention has adopted a resolution inviting Mr. Douglas to visit Virginia; also a resolution re-affirming the Baltimore Platform declaring Douglas and Johnson regularly nominated and denouncing the Administration.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Aug. 17.

A resolution was offered in the Convention this P. M. to instruct the electors, that if necessary to prevent a Republican triumph, they cast the vote of the State for either of the other candidates. A resolution was adopted re-affirming the Charleston platform, except as regards Cuba and the Pacific R. R. Senator Hunter addresses the Convention to night, and Senator Mason to-morrow.

Douglas in Search of his Mother.

BRUNSWICK, Me., Aug. 17—9 P. M.

Mr. Douglas stopped an hour in this place to-day and made a speech. He is on his way to Portland.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug 17—9 P. M.

Mr. Douglas arrived here this p. m, and was introduced to the people by Mayor Howell. He made a lengthy speech.

New York Matters.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17—9 P. M.

It is reported that both Democratic State Conventions have agreed to the effect that Brady, the Breckinridge gubernatorial candidate, shall resign in favor of Kelly, with the contingency of its going to the U. S. Senate. (?)

Judge John L. Mason, of the Superior Court of this city, died last evening.

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17—9 P. M.

The President left this P. M. for a several weeks sojourn at Bedford.

The garrison at Fort McHenry recently reduced by the detachment to the Palmar Reserve to quell the Indian disturbances, is to be immediately strengthened by all the available infantry recruits now at Jefferson Barracks.

Large Breckinridge and Lane Meeting at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 17—9 P M.

The Breckinridge and Lane ratification meeting was the largest this season. Ex-Gov. McRae, of Miss., and others spoke.—The people were disappointed by the non-arrival of Yancey.

HORRIBLE OCCURRENCE—THREE CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH.—The house of Frank Sinnot, in the town of Schleiswig, in this county, caught fire on Saturday last, and was burned to the ground with all its contents. Three children, aged respectively one, three and five years were alone in the house, and perished in the flames. The agonized father was at work a short distance off, saw the fire but a few minutes after the children had been left alone; but all attempts to enter the house were unavailing. His hands were terribly burned attempting to tear off some of the boards from the house, and he was compelled to abandon his efforts. A few charred bones was all that could be found after the house was consumed. —*Manitowoc Tribune, Aug* 14.

THE BRECKINRIDGE papers deny that Judge Taney is a Douglasite as has been reported.

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CONTAINING
MELODIES AND CHORALS,
SET TO FIFTY DIFFERENT METRES;
Also, the CHRISTUS AND MESSIAH, by Zinzendorf. With the translation of English Words. 8 vo. 12mo. 3c. Price, 75 cents. Published by OLIVER DITSON & CO., 277 Washington street, Boston.
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PIANO-FORTE, ORGAN & Melodeon Manufactory, corner of Ninth and Cedar streets, Milwaukee, where instruments may be had with or without the Æolian attachment, for tuning and repairing other instruments may be left with E. C. ARNOLD, (Young Men's Association Rooms,) next door north of the Newhall House, up stairs.

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The Mount Vernon Papers; by Edward Everett. 1.25
The Young Farmer's Manual, detailing the manipulations of the Farm in a plain and intelligible manner; embracing, also, the Young Farmer's Workshop, &c..... 1.2
Ragged Lady, and other Tales, by Mrs. Gaskell, author of Mary Barton, North and South, &c. 75
Lover, the Widower; by W. M. Thackeray..... .25
Mysteries of the Three Cities; by E. Dugnan. 25
The Pentateuch; Translated from the Vulgate and Compared with the original text, being a revised edition of the Douay version, with notes critical and explanatory, by Francis Patrick Kenrick..... 3.00

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2937] SHERIFF'S SALE. [Sentinel.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Bank of Milwaukee, against Sandford B. Grant, Peter G. Dyke, Albert Wilcox, Wheat Sandpaper Company, Le Ferre, George G. Greece, Michael Smith, John W. Sanford and James B. Bradford. } Judgment of Foreclosure and sale.

In virtue of and pursuant to a judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled action, dated May 5th, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 15th day of August, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M., of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

The south two-thirds of lot No. seven (7), of block No. forty-two (42), in the Third Ward of the City of Milwaukee, and State of Wisconsin, with the buildings and improvements thereon.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, May 12, 1860.
A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.
BOOKER & SPANGENBERG, Pl'ffs Att'ys.
my12w68dcowsm

3043] SHERIFF'S SALE. [Sentinel.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Thomas Tanyhill, plaintiff, against Robert Whitehead, Elizabeth Ann Whitehead, his wife, Henry Whitehead, Wilhelmina Schwerting, his wife, Alexander T. Wilson, William N. Dana, John L. Hathway, Charles G. Silden, James B. Cross, William A. Hanford, Martin V. Blackmarr, John B. Cook, Edwin Yeomans, William N. Cramer, Charles Ehler, The Marine Bank, Lucius E. Loomis, James H. Hoes, The Insurance Bank, Samuel Miltmann, Jacob Adler, Mathias Stark, Maria Stark, the Milwaukee Gas Light Company, and Mary Ann Millmann, his wife Frederic Illigen and Charles Ehler, Byron Kilbourn, Charles H. Williams, and Sarah D. Williams, his wife, defendants. } Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

In virtue of and pursuant to a judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled action, dated July 5th, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 1st day of September, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

Lot number seven (7), in block number twenty-two (22), Solomon's addition to the City of Milwaukee, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, July 12, 1860.
A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.
T. L. OGDEN, Pl'ff's Atty.

3229] SHERIFF'S SALE. [Sentinel.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

John D. Bassen, against John Hutty Ellers, Anna Rehiman Ellers, his wife, William W. Coleman, Henry Stein, Herman Yorg, Henry Kuckel, and Frederick Krueger. } Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO a judgment rendered in said Court, in the above entitled action, dated the 5th day of June, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 25th day of August, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

Lot number seven (7), in block number twenty-two (22), Solomon's addition to the City of Milwaukee, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, July 12, 1860.
A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.
T. L. OGDEN, Pl'ff's Atty.

3176] SHERIFF'S SALE. [Sentinel.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Anton Korb, against Magdalena Knippenberg, Philip Knippenberg, Jr., Hannah Knippenberg, and H. C. Richards. } Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO a judgment rendered in said Court, in the above entitled action, dated June 30th, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 25th day of August, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

Lot number four (4), in block number forty-five (45), in the Second Ward of the City of Milwaukee, and State of Wisconsin, in the north-east quarter of the north-east quarter of section number twenty-four (24), in town number seven (7), north of range number twenty-one (21), east, described as commencing at the north-east corner of said lot number four (4), in the First Ward of the City of Milwaukee, and running thence south on the section line (eighty) rods; running thence west on a line parallel with the north line of said lot number four (4), eighty rods; thence north on a line parallel with the east line of said section twenty (20) rods; thence east on a line parallel to the first line (120 rods) thereof to the place of beginning.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, July 14th, 1860.
A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.
OGDEN, BROWN & OGDEN, Pl'ffs Attys.
jy17w3dcowsm

3211] SHERIFF'S SALE. [Sentinel.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Peter Marthesen and Henry S. Potter against David P. Hall, David G. Power, William Hinkley, Wilbur S. Smith and Sarah Ann Smith, his wife, Wilbur S. Emerson, Elvira F. Smith, Rosetta Pendleton, Sarah Ann Hinkley, Robert Ettridge, Matthew Shoemaker, Lucius Hubbard, Samuel S. and Vaughn, The Bank of Milwaukee, Walter H. Bennett, Edwin P. Baker, Charles Mundwiler, Levi Blossom and ——— Blossom, his wife, Thomas M. Knox, Newcomb Cleveland, and Cynda B. Allen, William ——— Abraham ——— Abrams his wife, Michael Furge, and ——— Page, executor of the last will and testament of Hezekiah Wood, deceased, Richard P. Martin, Benjamin F. Lawrence, Matthew Galloway, Alfred S. Tilton, William S. Windsor, Samuel Hall, Horace A. Hatfield, Sylvester S. Bliss, John F. Hubbard, Darwin A. Hubbard, and Darwin A. James, Oliver F. Fuller, and Edward D. Finch. } Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO a judgment rendered in said Court, in the above entitled action, dated the 6th day of July, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 25th day of August, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

Lot number four (4), in block number twenty-two (22), Solomon's addition to the City of Milwaukee, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, July 14, 1860.
A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.
T. L. OGDEN, Pl'ff's Atty.

2938] SHERIFF'S SALE. [Sentinel.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Morgan Dortmeister, against Walter Burke, Margaret Burke, Daniel E. Dolton, Marietta E. Dolton, Jessen Downer, Hans Henry Jurgens, and Ephraim Marsh. } Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

In virtue of and pursuant to a judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled action, dated May 5th, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 18th day of August, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M., of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

The south two-thirds of lot No. seven (7), of block No. forty-two (42), in the Third Ward of the City of Milwaukee, and State of Wisconsin, with the buildings and improvements thereon.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, May 12, 1860.
A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.
BOOKER & SPANGENBERG, Pl'ffs Attys.
my12w68dcowsm

3043] SHERIFF'S SALE. [Sentinel.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Edward McMahon plaintiff, against Thomas M'Knox and Mary Anne Knox defendants. } Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

In pursuance and by virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale as aforesaid made and entered in the above entitled action, I will expose for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House, in the city of Milwaukee, in said county, on the 6th day of September, A. D. 1860, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the following described mortgaged premises or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, with interest, costs, and expenses of sale to wit:

Lot number four (4) in block number fifty-five (55) situate formerly in the First but now in the Seventh (7) Ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, together with the buildings thereon; and also lot number nine (9,) in block number forty-three (43) in the third Ward of said city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin; also lots five and six (5 and 6,) in block number seventy-two (72,) and lot number seven (7,) in block number ninety-five (95,) in the Fifth Ward of said city of Milwaukee.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, June 4, 1860.
A. J. LANGWORTHY, Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.
T. L. OGDEN, Pl'ff's Atty. jun7w67dcowsm

3036] SHERIFF'S SALE. [Sentinel.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Lewis A. Kemper, against John R. Vilstand and Louisa, his wife; Theodosius Bank of Milwaukee, and Timothy B. Edson. } Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO a judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled action, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the city of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 1st day of September, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M., of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

Lots eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), and twelve (12), in block seventeen (17), in Walker's addition to the Ninth Ward of the City of Milwaukee.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, May 28, 1860.
A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.
OGDEN, BROWN & OGDEN, Pl'ff's Attys.
my29d24cowsm

STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE COUNTY COURT, In Probate. In the matter of the final settlement of the estate of P. W. Adams, deceased.

On this 24th day of July, 1860, upon reading and filing the application of Mary Ann Adams, administratrix of said Frederick W. Adams, deceased, praying for a final settlement of her accounts and such administration and that a decree may be had upon it, in which no executors and allowed, it is

Ordered that said application be heard before me at my office, in the City of Milwaukee, on the 15th day of August, 1860, at 10 o'clock.

And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested, by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks, once in each week, in the DAILY SENTINEL, a newspaper printed in said city, prior to said hearing.

ALBERT SMITH,
County Judge.

3233] SHERIFF'S SALE. [Sentinel.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Robert Whitehead, Elizabeth Ann Whitehead, his wife, Henry Whitehead, Wilhelmina Schwerting, his wife, Alexander T. Wilson, William N. Dana, John L. Hathway, Charles G. Silden, James B. Cross, William A. Hanford, Martin V. Blackmarr, John B. Cook, Edwin Yeomans, William N. Cramer, Charles Ehler, The Marine Bank, Lucius E. Loomis, James H. Hoes, The Insurance Bank, Samuel Miltmann, Jacob Adler, Mathias Stark, Maria Stark, the Milwaukee Gas Light Company, and Mary Ann Millmann, his wife Frederic Illigen and Charles Ehler, Byron Kilbourn, Charles H. Williams, and Sarah D. Williams, his wife, defendants. } Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

In virtue of and pursuant to a judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled action, dated July 5th, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 1st day of September, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

Lot number seven (7), in block number twenty-two (22), Solomon's addition to the City of Milwaukee, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, July 12, 1860.
A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.
T. L. OGDEN, Pl'ff's Atty.

3043] SHERIFF'S SALE. [Sentinel.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Edward McMahon plaintiff, against Thomas M'Knox and Mary Anne Knox defendants. } Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

In pursuance and by virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale as aforesaid made and entered in the above entitled action, I will expose for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House, in the city of Milwaukee, in said county, on the 6th day of September, A. D. 1860, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the following described mortgaged premises or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, with interest, costs, and expenses of sale to wit:

Lot number four (4) in block number fifty-five (55) situate formerly in the First but now in the Seventh (7) Ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, together with the buildings thereon; and also lot number nine (9,) in block number forty-three (43) in the third Ward of said city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin; also lots five and six (5 and 6,) in block number seventy-two (72,) and lot number seven (7,) in block number ninety-five (95,) in the Fifth Ward of said city of Milwaukee.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, June 4, 1860.
A. J. LANGWORTHY, Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.
T. L. OGDEN, Pl'ff's Atty. jun7w67dcowsm

3043] SHERIFF'S SALE. [Sentinel.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Edward McMahon plaintiff, against Thomas M'Knox and Mary Anne Knox defendants. } Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

In pursuance and by virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale as aforesaid made and entered in the above entitled action, I will expose for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House, in the city of Milwaukee, in said county, on the 6th day of September, A. D. 1860, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the following described mortgaged premises or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, with interest, costs, and expenses of sale to wit:

Lot number four (4) in block number fifty-five (55) situate formerly in the First but now in the Seventh (7) Ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, together with the buildings thereon; and also lot number nine (9,) in block number forty-three (43) in the third Ward of said city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin; also lots five and six (5 and 6,) in block number seventy-two (72,) and lot number seven (7,) in block number ninety-five (95,) in the Fifth Ward of said city of Milwaukee.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, June 4, 1860.
A. J. LANGWORTHY, Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.
T. L. OGDEN, Pl'ff's Atty. jun7w67dcowsm

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OFFER TO THE TRADE A LARGE, fresh and well-selected assortment of PARIS FANCY GOODS, to which they will receive additions by every steamer this season. Among their stock may be found nearly all the new styles and full lines of Silk Braid Capes, Jackets and Neck Ruffles; Fine Embroidered Capes and Ornaments; Gilets, Field Buckles and Glasses; Gilt, &c. Silk Watch Guards, Fine Hair Nets, Ornamental Pins; Brushes, Garters, Dress Buttons, Fancy Belts, Steel Bruches, Garters, Dress Buttons, Fancy Belts, Steel and Gilt Jewelry, Bijoux's Accordeons, &c., &c., and the assortment is such as to suit buyers from all of which they offer to sell on the lowest terms. Orders solicited on the most liberal terms.
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IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS

E. R. DURKEE & CO.'S
SELECT SPICES.

Guaranteed not only
ABSOLUTELY AND PERFECTLY PURE,
BUT GROUND FRESH FROM SPICES,

Selected and cleaned by us expressly for the purpose, without regard to cost, and put up in tin cans, hermetically sealed, to retain their full strength, flavor and purity. Each can bears our name, which is a sufficient check, in point of strength, and cleanness of flavor,

BEYOND ALL COMPARISON,

as a single trial will abundantly prove.

Manufactured only by

E. R. DURKEE & CO.,
181 Pearl street, New York.

BURNHAM'S ROTEL,
On the European Plan,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Single Rooms 50 Cents per Day.
City Hall Square, corner of Frankfort st.,
(Opposite City Hall.)

Meals, as they may be ordered in the spacious Refectory. There is a Barber's Shop and Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel.

☞ Runners and Hackmen, who say we are full, are deceivers.
R. FRENCH, Proprietor.
jan19-1y668daily

New York Advertisements.

From S. M. Pettingill's Agency.

NEW YORK WIRE MILL.
NELSON & RICHMOND,
Manufacturers of, and dealers in
Wire of all Descriptions.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN to orders sent to their Warehouse, St. John St., which will be filled PROMPTLY, and have SPEEDY Dispatch.

Circulars furnished, giving Discount from List, or net prices, at the PRESENT MARKET RATES.

TERMS—Six Months' Note, payable at Bank, with current rate of Exchange on New York, or 3 per cent. off for Cash.

WIRE MILL, 15TH STREET, NEW YORK.
WAREHOUSE, 71 JOHN ST., NEW YORK.
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St. Nicholas Hotel,
BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

WHEN COMPLETED, SIX YEARS ago, the St. Nicholas was universally pronounced the most magnificent convenient and thoroughly appointed hotel in the world, on this continent. While it was then, it remains to-day—without a rival in sumptuousness, and in the general excellence of its accommodations. The number of its guests, including the accommodations for 1,000 guests, including 300 complete suites of apartments for families and the numerous rooms constructed at the time of its first public dining rooms, and nothing that modern art has devised for the comfort and convenience of guests has been omitted in its plan, or is neglected in its practical domestic economy. The early reputation of the St. Nicholas for the well-served table, its ample, and at the same time, recherche supply, and its admirable comforts and luxuries, has been enhanced every year by the unwearied exertions of the proprietors.

Circulars may be had at the office, or of
TILDEN, EGERTON & CO.,
Lessees.
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Great Display of Piano Fortes,
—OF—
HALLETT & DAVIS, IN BOSTON; OF A. H. GALE & CO., IN NEW YORK, AND OTHERS.
MELODEONS,
OF MASON & HAMLIN, IN BOSTON.
Sheet Music and Musical Instruments,
—AT—
A. B. VAN COTT'S
New Music Store, on Main St.,
NEXT TO WISCONSIN ST.

PIANOS FOR RENT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Highest Prices allowed for old Pianos in exchange for new ones.

The high reputation that Pianos and Melodeons of the above named factories have gained all over the Eastern states, the metals composing the same, together with the reports of the musical judges, Artists and Musicians, and the public generally, is a subject of testimony in their favor that cannot be resisted, and assure the purchaser of his receiving a superior instrument, worthy to be patronized by the public.
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ADDITIONS
—TO THE—
Young Men's Association Library.

THE FOLLOWING BOOKS HAVE JUST been added to the Library: El Puritano, by the author of "The Lamplighter;" Ned Myers, or a Sailor's Life and Early Adventures; Life of Napoleon Bonaparte, by Headley; Poetical Works of Edgar A. Poe; Mount Vernon Papers, by Edward Everett; The Turner Gallery, by the author of "Life of the northwest Corner of Merrimack and Chestnut Streets;" Memoirs of Margaret Fuller, Marchioness of Ossoli; Narrative of the Early Captivity, Sufferings and Escape of Mrs. Horton, wife of Abraham Lincoln, by B. F. Hartley; Life of Stephen A. Douglas, by A. Oakey Hall; Sheridan's Life and Services; by Parke Godwin; Arnold's History of R. I. Vol. II; Bancroft's History of the United States, Vol. VI; The American Journal of Education, edited by Henry Barnard, LL. D.; Letters on Agriculture, by Baron Von Liebig; Benton's Debates in Congress, Abridged, Vol. VII.

☞ Initiation fee $1. July 1 to October, 50 cts.
Rooms next north of the Newhall, 3d floor.
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From W. H. McDonald's Agency.

Richardson's Irish Linens. Damasks,

DIAPERS, &C.—CONSUMERS OF RICH ARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the article they purchase is stamped with the full name of the firm, J. N. RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN, as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the goods.

This caution is rendered especially necessary, as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are presented, stamped and sold with the name of RICHARDSON, or Irish Linens, who, regardless of the injury thus inflicted alike on the manufacturer and the consumer, for the sake of dollars, the Union and Worcester $600,000, the Chemical $600,000 to $800,000, and others, which do not now occur to our minds, pay large amounts, while they will find a ready purchaser in the shape of voluntary orders and have carried forward for a term of years from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000 more. These facts present solid arguments in favor of railway bonds for investment, and will do much to remove a prejudice which has been excited by troubles now rapidly passing away.

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Rooms next north of the Newhall, 3d floor.
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Railroads.

LA CROSSE & MILWAUKEE R. R.
1860. 1860.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
Only all Rail Route to La Crosse.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, AUGUST 6th, trains will leave Milwaukee as follows:

Morning Accomo'n, (Sundays excepted,) 7:30 A. M.
Afternoon Express, (Sundays do) 3:35 P. M.

Trains arrive at Milwaukee:

Morning Accomod'n, (Sundays excepted,) 9:30 A. M.
Afternoon Express, (Sundays do) 5:25 P. M.

Connections made at Horicon Junction with trains on Horicon Railroad, and at Minnesota Junction with trains on the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, and at La Crosse with Steamboats for St. Paul and intermediate points.

EDWIN H. GOODRICH, Manager.
Milwaukee, August 6th, 1860. aug6

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
1860. 1860.
MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI R. R.

FOR
Whitewater, Madison,
PRAIRIE DU CHIEN, JANESVILLE,
MONROE, BELOIT, BELVIDERE,
Freeport, Galena, Dubuque,
PORT ATKINSON, JEFFERSON,
FOND DU LAC, OSHKOSH,
LA CROSSE AND NORTHERN IOWA AND
MINNESOTA.

Change of Time, April 22, 1860.

ON AND AFTER APRIL 22, 1860, PASSENGER Trains will leave Milwaukee as follows:

Mail and Day Express.....10:45 A. M.
Night Express.....11:00 P. M.
Monroe and Madison Accommodation.....4:00 P. M.

Trains arrive at